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OF
MASTERPIECES FROM THE
ART GALLERIES OF THE WORLD
NOW READY.

The Daily Colonist.

THE LARGEST AND BEST
selected stock of
Chemicals and Toilet Articles
in the Province
at
CAMPBELL'S PRESCRIPTION STORE,
cor. Fort and Douglas Sts.
INSPECTION INVITED.

VOL. LXXII.—NO. 133

VICTORIA BRITISH COLUMBIA TUESDAY NOVEMBER 13 1894.

THIRTY-SIXTH YEAR.

A PRETTY CLOCK

Is an ornamental and useful article to place on a mantel; it's something on which money cannot be wasted unless you pay too much for it. We are showing a big lot of Mantel, Boudoir and Travelling Clocks at prices down to a living profit. We think it better to sell a lot at a living profit than a few at a high price.

CHALLONER & MITCHELL,

47 GOVERNMENT STREET.

1894 PACK

TOMATOES, PEAS AND
CORN, BEANS.

HUDSON'S BAY CO

WHARF STREET, VICTORIA.

BUTTER

Just received, one car Choice Creamery Butter.

SIMON LEISER & CO

To arrive in a few days.

2 CARS EGGS.

AUSTRALIAN RABBITS AND

PER S.S. MIOWERA.

CHOICE MUTTON

FROM THE WELL KNOWN CROOGLAL STATIONS.

APPLY

B. C. Cold Storage Co., Store Street, Victoria.

HOUSEHOLD COAL.

TO THE PUBLIC.

HAVING been appointed Sole Agent for the New Vancouver Coal Co., I take pleasure in announcing that the analysis of the Protection Island Coal has proved that it contains the largest amount of fixed carbon and the lightest percentage of ash, which thus entitles it to rank as one of the most economical Household Fuels on the Victoria market. As our patrons have always received the full weight of 2800 pounds, it is unnecessary for us to advertise a guarantee of good faith.

Oct 27-1m

C. J. V. SPRATT.

NINE TIMES OUT OF TEN

Colds are the result of wet feet. We can keep your feet dry and warm at a little expense and save you a doctor's bill. There are Cork-soled Boots, K. B. & Co's Ladies' Legg ings, and other articles at our store, all intended to keep the feet comfortable.

A. B. ERSKINE, CORNER GOVERNMENT AND JOHNSON STS.



JERSEY BRAND CONDENSED MILK.

THE PUREST AND BEST

Made from pure, fresh, unskimmed Jersey milk and specially refined Demerara crystals.
FORREST CANNING CO. JNO. WILSON & CO. 28 YATES STREET
HALIFAX, N.S. AGENTS FOR B.C.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED—A general servant. Apply Mrs. Hinton, 1 Niagara St., James Bay. no134

WANTED—A small furnished cottage at once. Apply A. Colonist office. no133t

WANTED—A first-class, energetic canvasser or nono but competent men need apply. Address by letter to P.O. Box 110, city. no134t

WANTED—For the Canadian Odd Fellow, an A1 advertising representative, for the Pacific Coast, on commission. Publication endorsed by leading advertisers. H. Davies, Box 1, 882, Montreal. no134t

WANTED—A strong young man to drive a cart. Apply between 10 and 11 a.m. at Standard Wood Yard, 15 Montreal St., James Bay. no134t

FOR SALE—The Three Star Saloon, corner of Port and Wharf streets. Apply on premises. no134t

FOR SALE—Piccolo banjo (Stewart); almost new. Address Banjo, Colonist office. no134t

PROF. OLIVER will give his usual social dance Tuesday, Nov. 13. Good music in attendance. no134t

A YOUNG married couple want situation in hotel. Woman as chambermaid or waitress; man as waiter, clerk or bartender. Address A. G., Colonist office. no134t

APRON and necktie social. Myosotis Club reopens Monday, Nov. 12, at Harmony hall. Ladies free. Gentlemen 50c. Dancing class starts Thursday, Nov. 15. Ladies 25c. Gentlemen 50c. no134t

YOU can wait for a forcible reminder of cold weather, or you can pick out your fall suit or overcoat now. Cameron, the Cash Clothier, 55 Johnson street. no134t

DO you want something to read? At Sampson's book exchange, 37 Douglas street, books are sold at half price. Novels exchanged 5c. each. no134t

LOST—Near Harmony hall. View street, a sum of money. The finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving the same at Colonist office. no134t

LOST—On Sunday evening last, between Methodist church, Pandora St., and James Bay, pair of gold rimmed spectacles. Finder will kindly leave same at Colonist office. no134t

LOST—An Irish setter, with white spot on chest; no collar. The finder will please return to Mr. C. E. Pooley Esquimalt road. no134t

FURNISHED room with board. 181 Fort St. no134t

TO BE LET OR LEASED—The Globe Hotel, Esquimalt, in good running order; will shortly be vacant; this is a good chance for an energetic man. Address Mrs. M. Fisher, 113 Pandora avenue, city. no134t

THE Victoria Quadrille Club will continue its Wednesday evening dances, commencing the 14th inst., in the Hebrew Ladies' Hall, Blanchard street, under the management of Messrs. F. Richards and E. B. Kookledge. no134t

WE WILL FILL

Your prescriptions accurately with the purest drugs at most reasonable prices.

COCHRANE & MUNN,
PRESCRIPTION DRUGGISTS,
Cor. Yates and Douglas Sts.

FOR MONUMENTS

Head Stones and all kinds of Cemetery Work. The largest stock in the Province to select from. Do not buy from designs, which are deceiving. Address or call on J. E. PHILLIPS, 78 View St. no133mo

CONSIGNEES' NOTICE

BARQUE LADSTOCK

From Liverpool.

CAPT. J. R. CARRION.

This vessel will discharge cargo at our Outer Wharf, on Monday, Nov. 12, and following days.

Consignees are requested to present bills of lading at the office of the undersigned, pay freight and receive orders for their goods.

All goods remaining on the Wharf after 5 o'clock each day and while on the Wharf, will be at the risk of the Consignees thereof respectively, and may be stored at their expense.

R. P. RITHET & CO., Ltd., Agents. no13

NOT RESPONSIBLE.

BR. BARQUE LADSTOCK,

Capt. J. R. Carrion from Liverpool.

Neither the Captain nor the undersigned will be responsible for any debts contracted by the crew of the above vessel without their written order.

R. P. RITHET & CO., Ltd., Agents. no13

H. CUTHBERT & CO.

AUCTIONEERS.

Are instructed by a gentleman leaving the city to remove to their Sale Rooms 31 and 33 Bro. d Street and 17 1/2th Avenue, and to sell by

AUCTION

—ON—

THURSDAY, NOV. 15. AT 2 P.M.

—HIS—

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

VALUABLE PIANOFORTE, Etc.

—INCLUDING—

Walnut Parlor Suite in crimson plush, Walnut Table, Oak Rocker, Walnut Rocker, very elegant cabinet Grand Pianoforte in handsome walnut case, trichord and all latest improvements, a brilliant toned instrument in perfect condition; Polished Oak Bedstead, 2 Ash Bedsteads, Elm Bedstead, Elm Bureau, with cheval glass, Washstands, Box and Spring Mattresses, Pillows, Blankets, Cane Rockers and Chairs, Centre Table, Velvet, Pile, Brussels and Tapestry Carpets, Linoleum, Oilcloth, Solid Oak Sideboard in good condition, 2 Bamboo Easels, Wicker, Rattan and Oak Chairs, Photograph Burnishing Machine, 6 China Developing Machines, Lamps, Dining Table, 2 Fine Heating Stoves, Chest of Drawers, very fine "Duchess of Oxford" Looking Range, almost new; No. 8 Cook Stove, Crockery, Kitchen Tables and Chairs, 2 Counters, Glass Showcases, etc., etc.

HERBERT CUTHBERT & CO., Auctioneers. no11

WANTED FOR CASH

SMALL COTTAGE

in good repair.

HEISTERMAN & COY

75 Government Street.

1895 — JUST ARRIVED — 1895

LETT'S DIARIES

O. BRAUND & CO.

62 Government Street. no133t

The best fruit kettles, at Cheapside.

CAPITAL NOTES.

Another Colonial Conference to Be Held Shortly—More Extended Powers for Delegates.

The Prohibition Cases—B. C. Queen's Counsel—Huddart's Hopes of His Atlantic Scheme.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

OTTAWA, Nov. 12.—Hon. Mr. Bowell thinks another colonial conference will be called before many months, but says the delegates will have to be given full power to pledge their governments on the Pacific cable enterprise.

Argument in the disputed accounts case between the Dominion and the provinces were completed in the Supreme court this afternoon, and judgment reserved.

The Supreme court has adjourned until January 15, when it is expected judgment will be given in the prohibition cases.

Mr. Mercer, of the Colonial office, left for England to-day.

Gordon E. Corbould, Westminster, and Charles Wilson, Vancouver, have been created Queen's counsel.

Hon. Mr. Foster returned from England to-day, greatly improved in health. He says that Canadian banks tendered for half the recent loan but their tender was not high enough.

He says Mr. Huddart has good hopes of floating his fast Atlantic steamship scheme.

The railway committee of the Privy Council has declined to refer to the Supreme court the question of whether it has jurisdiction to adjudicate in disputes relative to street cars crossing streams and railways.

STABILITY OF CANADA.

Sir Charles Tupper Eloquent and Cogently Describes the Economic Conditions of the Dominion.

EDINBURGH, Nov. 12.—Sir Charles Tupper, Canadian high commissioner, delivered a lecture before the Geographical society to-day upon the resources and general condition of Canada. He dwelt upon the influence of confederation upon the economic position of the Dominion as seen in the enormous developments of trade and commerce and the prosperity of the country generally since the establishment of the Dominion, especially in the expansion of foreign commerce.

Canada's trade in 1893 and 1894, he said, was the highest ever reached, and the increase since 1877 had been 90 per cent. The stability of trade had been remarkable; in spite of the McKinley law, the financial disturbances and fall of prices Canada had been little affected. The demand for staple products and exports was as high as ever.

The stability of the country lay in the soundness of its banking system and the prudence of its traders. The excellence of the national credit had been shown in the success of the recent loan, which was now at par. He referred to Canada's expansive coal and iron resources and the deposits of nickel, and expressed his belief that wheat would continue to be the great staple product of the Northwest territories long after the U. S. had ceased to grow it at a profit or to export it.

The Ottawa conference would do much to promote intercolonial and imperial trade, and the development of steamship lines and ocean cables. Sir Charles will deliver addresses in the course of the week at Aberdeen and Dundee.

PORT ARTHUR TAKEN.

Report That China's Most Powerful Stronghold Has Surrendered to the Japanese.

LONDON, Nov. 12.—A dispatch from Tokio to the Central News says that Count Huobumi, the Japanese prime minister, reports that the Japanese at Talien Wan have destroyed all the torpedoes laid by the enemy at that place and captured several torpedo boats with their apparatus, etc.

The torpedo boat barracks at Talien Wan was occupied by the Japanese without disturbing the mines. Important maps of the position of all the torpedoes laid were also secured.

When the Japanese fleet with transports entered Talien Wan bay it was rumored that a Chinese squadron had appeared outside and a naval encounter appeared imminent.

Suddenly the Chinese observing the Japanese fleet steamed rapidly away towards Wei H. I. Wei.

A dispatch from Fusan, Korea, reports another rising of Ton Hake in the province of Kyong Sngdo. The rebels were dispersed by Japanese troops, who killed and captured twenty-nine.

LONDON, Nov. 12.—A Shanghai dispatch says it is reported that Port Arthur was taken by the Japanese yesterday without resistance. The Japanese after bombarding the place a short time made a land assault upon the enemy's works, when the Chinese surrendered.

The general in command and the chief officers of the forces at Port Arthur abandoned the fort on November 6 and have disappeared. Several European ministers are preparing to leave Peking.

"THE CROWN OF ENGLAND."

Arrival of Part of Her Crew With News of Her Total Wreck.

PORT LOS ANGELES, Cal., Nov. 12.—The mate and five of the crew of the British steamer Crown of England, after being for two days and nights in an open boat, have arrived bringing intelligence of the total loss of the vessel on the rocks at Santa Rosa islands on Wednesday morning during a dense fog, and a few hours after her bottom dropped out. She is now a total wreck. Twenty-two men, comprising the officers and crew, succeeded in reaching the shore in safety. The captain and remainder of the crew are still on the island.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder

World's Fair Highest Award.

Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry cures Diarrhea, Dysentery, Cramps, Colic, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum, and all looseness of the bowels. Never travel without it. Price 35c.

Hinde's hair curlers and crimpers at Fox's, 78 Government street.

VANCOUVER ASSIZES.

Opening of the Fall Session—The McRorie Murder—The Accused Admits His Guilt.

VANCOUVER, Nov. 12.—(Special)—The fall assizes opened in Vancouver to-day before Justice Drake. The grand jury brought in a true bill in two cases of alleged embezzlement against Lawyer Boutbee, Vancouver. When the Boutbee case was called Mr. Boutbee was absent, and not answering to his name Justice Drake declared his bail forfeited. A few minutes later Mr. Boutbee appeared.

The North Vancouver murder trial was first taken up. Aleck, an Indian, was arrested in August on the charge of murdering one McRorie at North Vancouver on August 4, by nearly chopping his head off with an axe. The prisoner seems remarkably cool, and apparently anxious to explain to the court how he killed McRorie while drunk. When arrested he made a confession of his crime. On being told of his crime in the court he said: "I did it. I don't wish to hide it." Justice Drake said that though he had pleaded guilty the evidence must go before the court. Prisoner then said: "I'm not sure I did it; I was drunk." Mr. Bower was then asked to defend the prisoner, and when the court adjourned he was doing his best at a moment's notice for the self-convicted prisoner.

Aleck seems to be enjoying the proceedings and leans over the box drinking in every word with apparent pleasure, occasionally helping the prosecution as to detail.

FUNERAL PREPARATIONS.

Decorations in St. Petersburg Very Rapidly Completed—Numerous Strangers Arriving.

Removal of the Czar's Remains From the Kremlin at Moscow—Mourning Demonstrations.

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 12.—Owing to the large quantity of floating ice in the Neva the Troltski pontoon bridge has been removed. This has necessitated a change of the route of the procession to-morrow. The body will arrive at Nicolas station, where a short service will be held. The column will traverse the Nevski prospect to St. Isaac's cathedral, where it will stop for a short time while the clergy say prayers and blessings as in Moscow. From St. Isaac's it will proceed through the Senate place, along the English quay, across the Nicolas stone bridges along the University quay, past the bourse, over the bridge, through the Zoological garden street, along the Alexander prospect and over the Neva Kronversky bridge, entering the fortress by Peter the Great's gate. During the procession mass will be said in the Fortress Cathedral, minute guns will be fired and bells will be tolled in the cathedral where the body is to lie. Everything was completed this morning by the court officials.

The catafalque occupies most of the central portion marked by four enormous pillars. Above and supported by the pillars is a lofty canopy surmounted with a golden reproduction of the Imperial crown, bearing a high gold cross. Between the crown and each pillar hangs a wide band of broadened silver cloth lined with ermine. The dais has three steps covered with magenta velvet on which glitter hundreds of golden eagles. The windows are draped so heavily as to let in only subdued light. Alexander III's Russian orders will be placed on cushions at the head of the catafalque; and his foreign orders on cushions at the feet.

The grave or tomb opens through the pavement on the left side of the cathedral. It is next to his mother's, just beyond which is his father's tomb. The sides of the open grave have been lined with metal.

Although the Czar's funeral is a week off, the streets are crowded and strangers are coming to the city by every train. Nearly a thousand wreaths and crosses have been received from princes and members of courts and fully a thousand more are expected to arrive with the body. The work of draping the city is being pushed rapidly to completion, but all the decorations are made under the management of the police; they are inartistic and monotonous.

LONDON, Nov. 12.—The Duke of York started this evening for St. Petersburg. He is accompanied by Lord Carrington, the delegate who has charge of the huge wreath sent by Her Majesty. The Duke of Connaught has postponed his departure.

MOSCOW, Nov. 12.—The body of the late Czar was taken from the Kremlin to-day and conveyed to the railway station en route for St. Petersburg. The streets were lined with people, troops and profuse mourning decorations.

PERSONAL.

A. R. Johnston, of Nanaimo, is in Spokane.

Captain A. G. Trask, of San Francisco, is at the Driard.

G. H. and Mrs. Lippett, of St. Louis, are staying at the Driard.

A. Clarbome and S. C. Kirk, of San Francisco, are at the Driard.

A. Williams, M.P.P., and Mrs. Williams, Vancouver, are at the Driard.

Rosa Eckardt left this morning for a ten days' business trip to the Interior.

Miss Nonie Powell is homeward bound from San Francisco by the direct steamer.

W. H. Lader, T. E. Lader and F. B. Pemberton came over by the Yosemite last night.

W. Bradley and wife of Sprague, Wn., and E. A. Logan of Butte, are guests at the Victoria.

C. A. Semlin, Thomas Forster and C. B. Sword, M.P.P.s, came over by the Westminster steamer last night to attend the session of parliament.

W. F. Bright, who for the past five years has played on the Victoria lacrosse team, left for his old home in the East yesterday morning. Not only do his many personal friends regret his departure, but the lacrosse-loving public will miss his familiar face and brilliant play from the lacrosse field.

Oysters

At the Bank Exchange; boarders taken by the day, week or month; open day and night.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

A Short and Not Especially Interesting List of Business at the Regular Meeting.

Sewerage Work in the City—The Fire Alarm System—Esquimalt Road Matter.

The city council met at the usual place and hour last evening. Ald. Munn presiding. The week's list of business was disposed of in short order, and the board adjourned until Friday afternoon, when the subject of desired legislation to be sought at the present session of the legislature will be thoroughly gone into.

First in the order of communications yesterday evening was a letter from H. L. Salmon, in which he complained in strong terms of the "express" nuisance in the vicinity of his business premises at the corner of Government and Yates streets. The matter was referred to the Chief of Police.

The sewerage commissioners addressed the council in reference to Mr. E. Mohun's charges that defective materials are being used in the construction of the city sewers, the joints and bad bricks being particularly referred to. All correspondence in this matter was enclosed by the commissioners, who assured the board that all conditions of the sewerage contracts are being faithfully complied with. This report went to the sewerage committee after some brief discussion. The commissioners also advised that a sum of \$4,000 odd, which had been paid out of the general revenue for pipes subsequently used in sewerage work, be restored to the general revenue out of sewerage account.

Chief Deasy, of the fire department, presented a special report, in the course of which he had the following to say regarding the fire alarm system as it now is:

"I have the honor to again call your attention to the unsatisfactory condition of the fire alarm system. Relying on a call fire department, it is absolutely necessary that the alarm should be heard by the men working and sleeping outside the fire halls. Since the fire alarm was first installed, three years ago, it has been a source of trouble, and at all hours, night and day, the firemen are called out through crossed wires. Night after night I have been called out of bed, until the doctors tell me that my health is broken. The reasons for this state of things were explained long ago. The alarm system was not properly installed, and a former council paid the contractors \$6,300 in the face of a request that some proper electrician examine the work before paying that amount. The Gamewell fire alarm system is the best in the world; it is in use in all large cities, and if properly placed and cared for should work well here. The proper person to look after this most important branch is a first class electrician. The citizens depend upon it and the firemen have no other means of knowing the location of fires. At the instance of Mr. Stokels several changes were made which helped to keep the alarm system from breaking down entirely. At present one of the call men attends to the work at a salary of \$10 per month. The City Electrician would be the proper person to look after our fire alarm system, and I trust immediate attention will be given to this very important branch of the fire service."

The report went to the fire wardens for consideration.

Among other reports was one from the finance committee recommending miscellaneous disbursements out of the general revenue and various special funds; this took the usual course. The electric light committee advised the invitation of tenders, receivable until the 19th inst., for supplies required in connection with electric light construction work; the recommendation was acted upon. The streets committee reported advising that the city carpenter construct a very necessary sidewalk on Catharine street, Victoria West, and move back Mr. B. W. Pearce's fence the distance required for the widening of Cadboro Bay road; desired improvements on Battery street, Francis avenue, Edmonton road, Lamson street, and one or two other thoroughfares were recommended to be carried out "as soon as funds shall be available."

The committee laid before the council the opinion of the City Barristers that nothing could be done in the matter of the old Esquimalt road complaint, the property in dispute not having been included in the land taken over by the city on the extension of the city limits. Ald. Baker explained that in view of the legal opinion obtained nothing could be done. The property fenced in was not a portion of the road. In order to enable the passage of vehicles and pedestrians the committee recommended the blasting of a little rock and the shifting of the railway fences. The cost would be little and it would meet the demands of the residents.

The report was adopted.

A. L. Belyea addressed the board through Mr. R. B. McKimling, superintendent of electric lights, stating that he had been requested to claim one month's pay for an electric trimmer named Roffuse, recently laid off by the city. The circumstances were gone into briefly and the communication placed on file.

The Chairman directed attention to the fact that the contractor who had in hand the work of digging post holes for the electric light poles had already completed more than the number of holes specified in the contract. He suggested that the remaining holes be dug by day labor and the work distributed among deserving applicants, of course at no higher price than that in the contract. The suggestion was generally endorsed and by resolution ordered to be carried into effect.

ALD. LEDINGHAM directed attention to the fact that the legislature is now in session, and if any changes are to be made this year in the Municipalities Act preliminary steps must be taken quickly. It had been suggested that a cities act be obtained for the better government of the first class cities of the province, the other and smaller municipalities being left under the existing act.

After a short discussion it was decided to hold a special meeting on this subject Friday afternoon, to which date the council adjourned. The members of the board met at the city hall at 9:30 this morning, and proceeded half an hour later to the Old Folks' Home for the purpose of investigating the charges of mismanagement in connection with that institution.

NEWS OF THE PROVINCE.

Earl and Countess Aberdeen at the Terminal City—Street Improvements at Nanaimo.

Death of a Pioneer Commercial Man—The Benson Murder Being Inquired Into.

(Special to the Colonist.)

VANCOUVER.

VANCOUVER, Nov. 12.—A tramp was killed at Golden by a freight train running into a rock-slide. His name was Arthur Walsh, of Calgary.

Superintendent Hussey has returned from his investigation in the Benson case up North. A number of persons were examined without a single clue being discovered as to the possible murderers. Benson's nearest neighbors deposed that the deceased was very ill shortly before his death. The boat in which the deceased was found has been carefully examined by Doctors Bell-Irving and McGuigan, who give it as their opinion that the wounds found on Benson's body could have been produced after Benson had fainted, and some before death and some after, by being knocked about in the boat.

WESTMINSTER.

NEW WESTMINSTER, Nov. 12.—The Governor-General and Lady Aberdeen left Vancouver for this city by special train this morning. The train was gallily decorated and presented a splendid appearance. On arriving at the Royal City His Excellency and the Countess were met by a large number of citizens, headed by an influential delegation. Westminister's address of welcome was read at the exhibition building. In reply the Governor-General made a particularly felicitous speech, in which he referred to the great improvements noticeable since his last visit. The schools were afterwards visited and seven hundred children sang. Bouquets were presented by pretty young ladies. Lord and Lady Aberdeen were much impressed by the local reception, and in a very happy speech the Governor-General warned the scholars to be careful of their pronunciation in singing and carefully to attend to their teachers' instructions on this point. The vice-regal party were receiving at the court house up to a late hour. Westminister's splendid band played excellent music.

NANAIMO.

NANAIMO, Nov. 14.—Alexander Mayer, one of Nanaimo's pioneer business men, died at 6:30 o'clock last evening. He had been prominently identified with the progress of the town since the early sixties. He was the father of Marcus Mayer, manager for Patti on several of her world tours, and father of Mrs. M. Wolfe, of Nanaimo. Deceased was 82 years old and was a prominent Mason, a member of the craft for forty years and treasurer of Ashlar lodge for over twenty years. As a recognition of his many services to the craft, the rank of P.G.S.D. was conferred on him by the Grand Lodge of British Columbia about seven years ago. The remains will be taken to Portland, Ore., for interment.

About 8 o'clock yesterday morning an alarm of fire sent the volunteers on a rush to the residence of H. Proctor, No. 12, Milton street. The furniture including a valuable piano was considerably damaged and one wall of the house burned through. The damage will run close to \$1,000. So far as known the fire originated in the dropping of a live coal from the grate during the night.

The by-law for the purpose of raising \$10,500 to replace the Commercial street bridge with a permanent causeway was passed to-day by a vote of 62 against, 195 for. The roadway will be of a uniform width of sixty-six feet.

John L. Clark, the engineer, and William Jones, an able seaman, of the ill fated Crown of England, were residents of Nanaimo.

SHIPS AND SHIPPING.

The "Benmore" Makes Another Speedy Trip—Victoria Flour For the Orient—The Kingston's Repairs.

The Canadian-Australian liner Miowera, Captain James Stott, arrived here from Sydney, N. S. W., shortly after 8 o'clock yesterday morning. She sailed from the latter port at noon on Saturday, October 20, calling at Suva, Fiji, where a stay of eight hours was made on the 26th ult., and reaching Honolulu on the 3rd instant. Seven hours were spent in the Hawaiian capital. Immediately after clearing Sydney heads adverse weather was encountered with strong head winds and heavy seas. These were carried most of the way to Honolulu, after which fine weather was experienced to Cape Flattery. There the dreaded fog held the steamer for an entire day and night. Since the Miowera was last here she has been in the hands of the shipbuilders in England where extensive improvements have been made, calculated to render her much more serviceable on her present route. The after holds have been insulated and a complete freezing plant has been added, the accommodation being for 11,000 carcasses of mutton, a trial shipment of which is being made on this voyage. It is fully anticipated that when proper cold storage facilities are provided at the various ports of call this branch of cargo will materially increase. All shipments have special care and attention, the ship carrying a special refrigerating engineer for that purpose alone. The second-class cabin accommodation has also been entirely renewed, a comfortable saloon having been erected, and cabins equal in accommodation to those of the first class have been put up. There is considerable change in the officer-list. The command still belongs to popular Captain Scott, his officers being: J. W. Laurance, chief; C. W. Hay, second; J. A. Hemming, third; M. R. Sayer, fourth; J. Brown, chief engineer; T. B. Young, purser; T. Davies, M. D., surgeon, and F. Whittingham, chief steward. Among the passengers brought yesterday were: Mrs. L. L. Learmonth, Mr. S. L. Learmonth, Miss L. Cross, Mr. C. W. and Miss T. Rhodes, Mr. M. Jordan, Mrs. Bullock and family, Mr. P. Rodocanachi, Mr. R. Wilson, Mr. J. Goebel, Mr. and Mrs. Ettlinger, Mr. J. H. Benning, Mr. A. Lewis, Mr. J. Roddick, Mr. R. W. Orkney and Mrs. F. W. Smith. The cargo for Victoria is comprised of 441 bunches and crates of bananas and pineapples, 150 carcasses of mutton, 10 carcasses of rabbits, 100 cases of treacle, 99 bags of coffee, etc. For Vancouver there are 2,091 packages, chiefly for overland forwarding. These include 874 bales of wool for Boston, 84 bales of sheepskins and 294 logs of tin for San Francisco, 15 packages of meats, etc., for inland points, and 860 packages of fruits, meats, etc., for Vancouver.

A SMART VOYAGE.

Stevodore McDermott, who loaded the ship Benmore with lumber at the Sayward

mill last summer, has received a letter from Capt. Scott advising him of his safe arrival at Adelaide. In his letter Capt. Scott says he made the passage from Victoria to Adelaide in 58 days, which is probably one of the fastest trips if not the smartest on record, between here and there. As will be remembered the Benmore made a remarkably quick voyage out from England, and the trip just ended is nothing uncommon for her. She is undoubtedly one of the fastest ships of her kind afloat. At Adelaide she will load wheat for the United Kingdom.

THE "JAPAN" OUTWARD.

By the departure last evening of the Empress of Japan from the Orient, the first shipment of flour from the Victoria Rice and Flour mill, consisting of 1,000 tons, was made to Japan. The flour was all taken up to Vancouver from here, and there put aboard the Empress. Besides some minor freight the ship also received seventy Chinese steerage and several saloon passengers from Victoria. Douglas Dick is a passenger from here, as are also Mrs. Nicholls and family, who go to Yokohama to join Mr. Nicholls. Inclusive of what the Empress got at Victoria, she had about all the freight she could carry. The steamer Maude acted as tender on her here.

MARINE NOTES.

Steamer Maude loaded a partial cargo of sugar and oats for Nanaimo yesterday. Bark Melrose is discharging her coal cargo rapidly at the outer wharf, preparatory to repairing.

The bark Ladstock, which arrived from Liverpool last week, commenced discharging yesterday.

The ship Alexander has finished loading her lumber cargo for Calais, France, at the Hastings mill and will sail shortly.

The tug Geneva, which recently sailed from the Hastings mill, had aboard 484,680 feet of undressed lumber and 66,569 feet of flooring, valued at \$4,570 05.

The City of Puebla, now on the way up from San Francisco, has the following passengers for this city: Rev. H. Kummelen, H. E. Wreiker, A. P. Miller and wife, P. D. McKenzie, Mrs. M. Christensen and Miss Nellie Powell.

The steamer City of Kingston came over from the Sound last evening to make good the injuries sustained through her collision with the steamer Mary Perley on Saturday. The Albion Iron works have, it is understood, secured the contract for repairing the vessel. Whether she will be obliged to dock to have all the repairs made is as yet unknown.

The C.P.N. steamer Rainbow, which was chartered by some Vancouver steamboat men last summer to run between the Northern legging camps, has returned to port. Her charterers say they do not propose to discontinue the service which they have been giving, and that if they are unable to purchase the Rainbow on their terms they will buy some other suitable boat for the purpose. In the meanwhile they have placed the Damsuir temporarily on the run.

ENTERED.

Str. Charmer	from Vancouver
" City of Kingston	" Port Townsend
" Rosalie	" N. Westminister
" Yosemite	" Port Angeles
" Evangeli	" Honolulu
" Miowera	" Vancouver
" Empress of Japan	" Yokohama
" Rainbow	" Nanaimo
" Spinster	" Sherringham Pt.
" Hope	" Nanaimo
" Joan	" "
" Vancouver	" "
" City of Greece	" N. Westminister
" City of Paris	" "

CLEARED.

Str. Charmer	for Vancouver
" City of Kingston	" Port Townsend
" Rosalie	" N. Westminister
" Yosemite	" Port Angeles
" Evangeli	" Vancouver
" Miowera	" Yokohama
" Empress of Japan	" Nanaimo
" Rainbow	" Sherringham Pt.
" Spinster	" Coastwise
" Hope	" Nanaimo
" Joan	" Saanich Arm
" Vancouver	" "
" City of Greece	" "
" City of Paris	" "

POETIC JUSTICE.

The Indian Who Precipitated the Recent Trouble on the Reservation is Dead.

Flying From Arrest He Contracts a Cold Which Proves Immediately Fatal.

There is a sequel to the story of the fight on the Songees reservation on the night of the 15th of November last, in which Indian William Bailey received a fatal wound from a police revolver. The scene of this later chapter is laid at Muir creek (Sooke), a little stream on the southwest coast of the island, and it concerns the man who precipitated the tragedy by leading the crowd of excited Indians against the police and himself attacked Sergeant H. A. Levin with a knife.

When the unlucky Bailey received the bullet in his leg, this man, who had been chiefly instrumental in bringing the trouble about, promptly took to cover, and though the police searched diligently for him all that night and at frequent intervals until the death of Bailey and the holding of the inquest, not the slightest hint as to his whereabouts could be gained. Had he been found he would doubtless have been sentenced to a term of several months' imprisonment; he was not located, and his own excesses have brought him their own and a far severer penalty.

Just how this man left the reservation between the time of the officers' escape to the city and their return with reinforcements to the reservation half an hour later is not definitely known. It is supposed, however, that accompanied by the Siwash policeman, who also played so disgraceful a part in the melee, he paddled out to Sea-bird island in his own canoe. Certain it is that the two were seen at the Rocks the following day.

A week later the knife-wielder was at San Juan river, and from there he went to Muir creek. The story of his end there, in which poetic justice appears to take a part, is thus told in a private message which a member of the COLONIST staff received from Otter Point last Sunday:

"A fugitive Indian belonging to one of the West Coast tribes died down at Muir creek one day last week—he was the man that drew the knife and provoked the row in Victoria when the Indian Bailey was shot. He had been drinking heavily, and when the Indians in whose company he was camped at Muir creek he caught a bad cold, and the next day was dead.

"All the other Indians then left the side of the river where they had been camping and moved with their 'iktas' over on the other side. They wouldn't touch the dead man or have anything at all to do with his burial. His brother paid a man named Campbell \$17 to make a rough coffin and bury him."

Fruit ars, at Chapeide.

Consumption.

The incessant wasting of a consumptive can only be overcome by a powerful concentrated nourishment like Scott's Emulsion. If this wasting is checked and the system is supplied with strength to combat the disease there is hope of recovery.

Scott's Emulsion

of Cod-liver Oil, with Hypophosphites, does more to cure Consumption than any other known remedy. It is for all Affections of Throat and Lungs, Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis and Wasting. Pamphlet free. Scott & Bowne, Belleville. All Druggists. 50c. & \$1.

Advertisements under the heads of Lost, Found, For Sale or To Let and Situations Wanted, will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

WANTS.

WANTED—Young girl or woman to assist in light housework. Apply 51 Humboldt street. nov1-2t

WANTED—Sewing by the day by a competent person. Address X.L., Colonist office. nov10-3t

WANTED—A situation as chambermaid. Apply M.M., Colonist office. nov9-6t

WANTED—A general manager for the Co-operative Store, Nanaimo. Applications (marked as such) stating salary required, must be sent in to the undersigned by the 16th inst. Any further information in reference to position can be obtained from Geo. Holdnall, secretary, Nanaimo. nov7-td

WANTED—Ladies' and gentlemen's cast-off clothing, boots and shoes, at 81 Johnson street. nov7-1m

NOTICE—Among the many excellent qualities to be found in the Bush & Gertie piano is that they improve by use, owing to their extreme durability; 6,000 made and sold annually. T. W. Fletcher, agent. nov11-4t

FOR SALE.

FINE Bronze Turkeys for sale. Apply at P.O. box 110, city. nov1-2t

FOR SALE—Part or whole interest of Carter House, good chance for sober industrious man, small capital required, to be sold at once. Apply 61 Herald street. nov10-1t

FOR SALE—Two houses on Frances avenue, 5 rooms each and lots 30x120, price reduced from \$1,300 to \$800, payable \$10 cash and \$5 per month, or any terms to suit purchaser. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas street.

FOR SALE—Two lots 120x135, corner of Jubilee Avenue; cost \$1,200, will be sold for \$700. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas street.

TO LET OR LEASE.

TO LET—Nicely furnished front room; no other roomer; eight minutes' walk from post office; terms moderate. Apply G. Colonist office. nov11-6t

TO LET—Seven rooms, fully furnished; modern conveniences; gas, bath, etc.; five minutes' walk from post office. Apply House, Colonist office; references required. nov11-2t

FURNISHED SUNNY ROOM in exchange for music lessons for two young misses; references required. Apply H.B., Colonist office. nov11-2t

FURNISHED room, in private family, with use of sitting room, piano, and breakfast if desired. 22 Kingston street, James Bay. nov11-2t

TO LET—Three nice cottages, 4 rooms, \$5; one large cottage, 5 rooms, bath and cellar. \$8. Apply Mrs. P. Wilson, 185 Douglas street. nov10-

TO LET—Furnished rooms, with board; references given. 127 Menzies St. nov10-1m

TO LET—Seven-roomed house, corner of Simcoe and Oswego streets, with bath-room and all modern improvements and nice garden. Inquire at 83 Simcoe street. nov2-12t

TO LET—Six roomed house, all modern improvements, in central locality. Apply to Helsternman Co., 75 Government St. oct18-1m

TO LET—Nine-roomed house, Superior street, James Bay; \$18; water paid. Two-roomed house; hot and cold water; 4 lots; Garbally Road; \$20. Two cottages, Pandora street, \$10, water paid. Corner store and four large rooms, stable, etc.; Government street; \$15. Seven-roomed house, bath and stable, with frontage on the George, and commanding fine view, \$20. Four-roomed cottages and three acres of land, about 14 miles from post office; \$16 per month.

TO LET—Furnished—Nine-roomed house; bath-room; hot and cold water, etc.; two lots in garden; good situation; James Bay.

BARGAINS—For sale—43 acres good farming land, close to town; considerable cleared; \$70 per acre.

MONEY TO LEND on good security. Apply to

Turnerton & Oddy
The Bankers' Auctioneers
1010 Broadway, Victoria

NOTICE.

Yates Street, between Broad and Government Streets, is closed to public traffic.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

September 10, 1894. nov11-4t

NOTICE.

All parties having any claim against the estate of William Boon, of Chinney Creek, are requested to file the same with me on or before the 1st day of December, 1894.

A. ISNARDY,
Executor.

SHORTHAND.

Pitman's system, taught in twenty-five lessons for \$25. Proficiency Guaranteed. Address 3 Centre Road, Spring Ridge. nov14

PUBLIC NOTICE.

The undersigned will make loans from \$1 to \$1,000 on any approved security.

VICTORIA LOAN OFFICE,

133 Government Street, private entrance on Pandora Street. nov18

LAND REGISTRY ACT.—Subdivision No. 5 of Suburban Five-Acre Lot VIII., Victoria City—A certificate of indefeasible title to the above subdivision will be issued to Maurice Humber on the 19th day of November, 1894, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to me, in writing, by some person claiming an estate or interest therein, or some part thereof.

S. Y. WOOTTON,
Deputy Registrar-General.
Land Registry Office,
Victoria, 10th August 1894. oct15-3m

- THE 20th PART -

The last and greatest part of "MASTERPIECES FROM THE ART GALLERIES OF THE WORLD" is issued to-day.

This set of Portfolios, the best and most artistic of all offered to the public, should be in the houses and on the tables of all our readers.

The small cost, TEN CENTS a part, or TWO DOLLARS for the

300 GREATEST PICTURES
© IN THE WORLD ©

should induce every head of a household to provide his people with this highly educational, artistic and satisfactory work.

FOR A FEW DAYS

we will supply our readers with back numbers, as well as the current part on presentation of the Coupon and Ten Cents for each part required.

If you have not already secured the back numbers send Two Dollars and receive the whole set at once, complete.

"HYDE FARM"

SHAWNIGAN DISTRICT

IS A MAGNIFICENT PROPERTY, containing 484 acres, suitable for mixed farming. A large portion of the Farm has formerly been cropped. There are large portions of it that are suitable for Grazing and Dairying Purposes. Now that Hops are likely to become one of B. O.'s profitable crops, a couple of hundred acres of Hyde Farm could be utilized for this purpose. The Farm is supplied with an abundance of water the year round, and water for power can be secured from the falls of the Koksilah River, which stream is the boundary line of the property on one side. Brick Clay, Lime Rock and Bog Iron Ore exist on the Farm, with the prospect of Coal also being discovered. There is plenty of Timber for all purposes, some of it of a merchantable character.

"HYDE FARM"

Is a short distance from the E. & N. Railway Line at either end of the property, and the Victoria and Nanaimo Wagon Road passes through it, therefore it is specially well located for shipping purposes. Excellent Shooting and Fishing is to be had on the property and in the Koksilah River. Deer, Grouse, Duck and Geese abound. In fact Hyde Farm is well located for all practical and pleasureable purposes, and is a chance not often met with for a man of moderate means to secure a small estate, which is sure to become extremely valuable, as the development of the Island progresses. In the meantime its utilization for Mixed Farming or Cattle Raising Purposes would bring in a fair income.

For further particulars, or
For Price and Terms, address
"HYDE FARM" Colonist Office.

ADVERTISING AGENCY.

L. P. FISHER, Newspaper Advertising Agent, 21 Merchants' Exchange, San Francisco, is our authorized Agent. This paper is kept on file in his office. 168

ARCHITECTS.

JOHN TEAGUE, ARCHITECT, CORNER of Broad street and Tronconne avenue, Established 1882. 161

MUSICAL.

MADAME LAIRD, TEACHER OF VOCAL MUSIC IN ALL ITS BRANCHES. For terms apply at the Studio, at the rooms of the Victoria School of Music, 139 Government street, and at residence, 161 Vancouver street, corner Pandora. 1630

PIANOFORTE TUNING.

MR. A. F. OWEN, Pianoforte Tuner, from J. and J. Hopkins, the well-known manufacturers of pianofortes, London, England; 12 years' experience. Particulars as to my ability may be had from the above firm. 34 years with Goodwin & Co., Victoria. Orders left at Hibben's Bookstore and Walt's Music store. 1619

GEO. W. FUGGLE.

Pianoforte Maker and Tuner. VIOLINS, MANDOLINS AND GUITARS REPAIRED. Three years with Goodwin & Co. Orders left at factory, 76 Princess Ave., also at Jamieson's Bookstore, next Post Office. P. O. Box 422. oct13-1t

PIANOFORTE TUNING—Wm. N. Parsell, piano tuner and repairer; eight years experience in eastern houses; satisfaction guaranteed. Leave orders at Walt's Music Store, 61 Government street. oct31-1m

BAKERS.

M. R. SMITH & CO., Manufacturers of all kinds of Plain and Fancy Biscuits and Cakes, VICTORIA, B. C. 161

BUSINESS CARDS.

SYMONS & MEYER, Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries, etc., Calgary. Harry Symons, H. W. C. Meyer, Q. C. 1717-3mo

DRESSMAKING.

DRESS AND MANTLE MAKING. MRS. MARSHALL has removed to No. 132 Vancouver street, where all who require dress and mantle making can have their garments made in the most fashionable style, and perfectly fitted. oct1-1t

LADIES INVESTIGATE—Largest school of dress cutting ever in Victoria. Perfect system with seams or without. Gives universal satisfaction. Everybody invited. Room 73, Five Sisters Block. Agents wanted. oct20-1m

ENGINEERS.

KEEFER & SMITH, CIVIL AND HYDRAULIC ENGINEERS. Rooms 44 and 45 Five Sisters Block, Government street, Victoria, B. C. G. A. KEEFER, M.I.C.E. H. B. SMITH, M.I.C.E.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

A. L. BELYEA, Barrister and Solicitor. Rooms 4 and 5, Board of Trade, oct20-1m Bastion Square, Victoria, B.C.

PHOTOGRAPHERS.

MAYNARD'S ART STUDIO, 41 Pandora street. Dealers in all kinds of photographic material, views of British Columbia and Alaska. Same Block—Maynard's Shoe and Finding Store, 41 Pandora street. Boots, Shoes, Leather and Shoe Findings. "K" boots a specialty. 161

PHYSICIAN.

DR. ALBERT WILLIAMS, Late of London, England, general family and obstetric practice, with special attention to diseases of children and diseases of the chest and stomach; over twenty-five years' experience; many years a member of the British Homoeopathic Society, British Gynaecological Society and Pathological Society of London. Dr. Williams may be consulted at all hours at his office and residence, 64 Pandora, near Quadra street, city. Telephone 158. 1717

PAINTERS AND PAPER HANGERS.

R. LEITCH—Dealer in Paints, Oils, varnish and window glass. Agent for Brilliant Sign Letter Co., and Aspell's Enamel, 40 Fort street. oct17

SCAVENGERS.

ED. LINES, General Scavenger, 236 Yates street. Yards, etc., cleaned. Orders left at Geo. Munroe, 82 Douglas street; Speed Bros., cor. Douglas and Fort; or Blair & Gordon, cor. Menzies and Michigan, will be promptly attended to. oct8

MEETINGS.

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE, No. 1, A. F. & A. M., B. C. R.—Regular Communication first Thursday each month at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Flaggard streets, at 7:30 p. m. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. 1617

"ST. ANDREW & CALEDONIAN SOCIETY. S. T. Y. Society meets in Caledonia Hall, Blanchard street, on the first Friday in every month. Visiting brethren are invited to attend. R. C. Smith, Secretary. nov1-1m

Quesnelle Quartz Mining Co., Ltd.

LOCATION OF WORKS, HIXON CREEK, B. C.

Notice is hereby given that an extraordinary general meeting of the above-named Company will be held at the Company's office, Quesnelle, B. C., on THURSDAY, the 29th day of NOVEMBER, 1894, at 2 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of taking into consideration the advisability of placing a sufficient portion of the capital stock of the Company under the control of the Directors to enable them to deal with a proposition now under consideration, particulars of which will then be placed before the meeting.

By order, W. A. JOHNSTON, Secretary. Quesnelle, B. C., Oct. 13, 1894. oct25

MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS
1895.

Householders' Qualification.

All persons wishing to qualify under the above qualification, as voters for the ensuing Municipal Elections for the year 1895, in accordance with Clause 12 of Section 37 of the Municipal Amendment Act, 1894, can do so by calling at the Assessor's Office, City Hall, and making the necessary declaration on or before the 30th day of November, instant.

WM. W. NORTHCOOT, Assessor. City Hall, Victoria, B. C. November, 1894. nov7

NOTICE—No shooting allowed on Fairfield Farm; trespassers will be prosecuted. nov1

FROM OVER THE SEAS.

The Australian Shearers' Troubles—Prospects of Colonial Federal Union.

Latest Developments in a Remarkable Case—Cannibalism Renewed at Rossell Island.

Although the shearing troubles throughout New South Wales and Victoria have not yet been finally terminated, and cases of actual or threatened violence are still heard of, yet the general drift of the reports from the pastoral district is, according to advices brought by the Miowara, decidedly favorable. "The difficulty once found in obtaining sufficient labor," says the Sydney Mail, "is diminishing; the men who have shorn at one set of stations under the pastoralists' agreement have been conveyed to others, and begun the satisfactory discharge of their new engagements; and at various points the camps have broken up and the men who composed them are seeking employment. It is due to the government and to the police to recognize the signs of efficiency in the efforts to maintain order, suppress violence and restore confidence. Meanwhile, some of those men who have been endeavoring to set up an unlawful dominance over personal liberty are finding themselves in straits. On October 14 six men were tried for their participation in the riot at Tolarno, in August, and all were convicted—one of them under the additional charge of assault also. One was recommended to mercy. The course of justice sometimes seems to be slow; but if it can be relied upon for sureness it will in the long run have its legitimate influence. All credit is to be given to those station-owners who, in spite of discouragement and at such inconvenience, have persistently held out against actual or constructive coercion, and are now in a fair way of being rewarded for their courage. From the time when intimidation and violence commenced, the question of the merits of the original dispute was removed from consideration, and the right course was to see the struggle through in the interests of liberty."

"Whatever indications there may be," says the Sydney Morning Herald, "and we do not think that such indications are entirely wanting, that the subject of federal union is gaining a stronger influence on the mind of the people of Australia, it cannot be said that the prospects of the movement are improving so far as the politicians are concerned. Amidst the changes of ministers that follow each other so frequently in the different colonies this subject is recognized as one upon which something must be said by the incoming men, and, if possible, some promise must be made; but the general result of these utterances is not encouraging. In this colony (N. S. W.) federation had very poor chances under the last government; but no one could feel sanguine when Mr. Reid accepted office as to the advent of better times in that respect. Mr. Reid took an early opportunity, after he fairly settled in his seat, of opening communications with the governments of the other colonies with the professed intention of placing the matter in the position which its importance deserved. His circular, however, was oracular, and whilst failing to point definitely towards any particular course of action was apparently understood by some of his correspondents as suggesting the initiation of a movement for the mere establishment of intercolonial free trade. So, apparently, it was understood by Sir James Patterson, the head of the last government of Victoria, who indicated his readiness, if not indeed his strong desire, to join in such a movement. But intercolonial free trade is not federation, and the effect of a serious movement to set up the former would probably be to make the attainment of the latter more difficult than before. Sir James Patterson, however, has lost his position and influence in this matter, and on the accession of the Turner ministry to power the question arose, in what light would the subject present itself to the new men? That question has now been answered. The negotiations are in the hands of the Minister for Trade and Customs, Mr. Best, and he has taken an early chance of making his ideas known. He makes protection against the outside world a necessary condition of intercolonial free trade, and couples with the promise of the stipulation that they shall not interfere with the protection of Victorian industries as against the rest of the world."

Mr. Young, soon after taking office as Minister for Works for N.S.W., issued a minute directing that certain precautions should be taken in the preparation of government contracts, with the view of preventing sweating. It has been said that contracts have been let for government works, and that the successful tenderers have then sublet them at rates which enforced the payment of something like starvation wages to the men employed upon them. The object of the minute was to compel the payment of the current rates of wage. The matter was promptly referred to a competent board for consideration, and the report of the board, while suggesting a way in which the Minister's desire might be accomplished, points out that, if the contracts stipulated for the payment of a standard wage, the result might be to exclude from employment all the men who, by weakness, or age, or deficient skill, might be unable to earn it, although they were well able to carry through a greater part of the work required. In that case the remedy might be as bad as or worse than the disease.

The Sydney Herald says in its issue of September 19: "The legislation of the week has seen one very singular thing, at least so far as the Lower House is concerned, for it will probably receive short shrift when it reaches the Upper Chamber. About five years ago an old settler named Hawkins was found brutally murdered in a gully at Kaiwarra, near this city. A country roadman, a hitherto well-conducted Italian named Louis Chemis, was arrested for the crime. The evidence against him was purely circumstantial, and a chief feature in it was the finding in the wound of a wad of newspaper apparently shot in at close quarters from a shotgun, and which on being opened out corresponded with missing portions of a newspaper found in Chemis' house. Chemis' counsel was sickening of typhoid fever and was carried out of court to die during the trial, and a variety of other circumstances surrounded the case with a singular and magic interest which was enhanced by the fact of the accused possessing a young wife and two pretty little children. Chemis was found guilty and sentenced to death, but a great agitation got up for the commutation of the death sentence, owing to a doubt existing in the public mind as to his guilt, resulted in the commutation being granted after the cabinet had gone most exhaustively into the question. Subsequently proceedings for perjury were

taken again the detectives, and these failed. From that day to this, however, there has been spasmodic agitation for a re-trial, and this agitation was largely instrumental in the passing of a clause in the criminal code act last year creating a criminal court of appeal for all future cases. Not content with guarding against the future, the agitation which was kept up by petitions to the house, and which was led by the senior government whip, Mr. C. H. Mills, has been continued, and that gentleman has just succeeded in getting into the house an amendment of the criminal code bill, and passing through the house by a very large majority a clause specifically allowing Chemis a re-trial of the case, heard five years ago.

News reached Sydney by the steamer Archer on October 6 to the effect that the savages of Rossell Island, an island lying off the New Guinea coast, had attacked a French traders' station and killed everyone on the place, including the trader. Upon receipt of the news inquiries were made of Captain M'George, of the Kurrara. He had heard that "a Frenchman who had established himself there trading had been killed and eaten by the Rossell Islanders, and that Mr. Butterworth, the magistrate, had gone to investigate the affair." Rossell Island is notorious for having been the scene of the massacre and human feast of a whole shipwrecked crew of Chinese several years ago.

The colonial treasurer for Western Australia estimates the revenue for the year ending June, 1895, at £893,150, being an increase on last year of £191,905. The treasurer expects increases under the principal heads of revenue by the following amounts: Customs, £83,302; land, £9,539; postage, £5,586; telegrams, £6,796; railways, £26,456. The expenditure is estimated at £934,581, or £278,225 more than the expenditure for last year. This is due mainly to an extensive increase under the heads providing for loans, and also for the following purposes: Police, education, post and telegraphs, mines, railways, improvements, works buildings, roads and bridges. At the end of June, 1895, the treasurer expects a credit balance of £18,588.

Fifty single young women have left London by the steamer Gulf of Siam as free government emigrants for Fremantle, Western Australia. Sir Malcolm Fraser, agent-general for the colony, superintended the embarkation. The girls, whose ages are about 20 years, were all selected by the United British Women's Emigration Association, of which the Hon. Mrs. Joyce is the vice-president.

The new Victorian ministry has been chosen as follows: Mr. Turner, premier and treasurer; Mr. Isaacs, attorney-general; Mr. Best, lands; Mr. Peacock, chief secretary; Mr. Duffy, postmaster-general; Mr. Foster, mines; Mr. Taverner, public works; Mr. Williams, railways; Sir F. Sargood, M.L.C., defence; and Mr. Cuthbert, M.L.C., solicitor-general.

The New South Wales cabinet has reduced the age at which children will be received in the public schools from six to five years.

New South Wales mourns sincerely and deeply the death of one of her pioneer public men, Sir Alfred Stephen, P.C., C.B., G.C. M.G., who passed away on October 15.

HAWAIIAN REPUBLIC.

Recognition by Queen Victoria and the Emperor of Russia—The Elections.

Candidates of the American Party Returned—Japanese Sailors Mutiny on an English Vessel.

HONOLULU, Nov. 3.—(Per steamer Miowara)—An autograph letter of Queen Victoria recognizing the republic of Hawaii was received on the 26th of October by H. B. M. Commissioner Hawes. Owing to the absence of President Dole of Hawaii it has not been presented.

An autograph letter of the Czar of Russia, recognizing the republic, was received to-day. The election was held October 29 for senators and representatives for the legislature. On the island of Oahu, on which Honolulu is situated, the candidates of the American party were elected as follows:

For the Senate—Cecil Brown, John A. McCandless, H. W. Schmidt, Henry Waterhouse, Wm. C. Wilder, John N. Wright.

For the House of Representatives—Fourth representative district—Charles L. Carter, D. L. Naone and E. C. Winston; Fifth representative district—J. C. Cluney, James Davis and L. K. Hualalani.

The election was the quietest ever held in Honolulu, the day being like a Sunday. There was very little traffic, and many people took advantage of the holiday for an outing in the country. Complete returns had not been received when the steamer left from the islands of Hawaii and Maui, but the candidates certain of election are nearly all active supporters of the republic. It is believed that all the senators strongly support annexation, notwithstanding a disposition of some of the planters to advocate continued independence of the republic in order to be free to import Asiatic contract labor.

Henry P. Baldwin of Maui stands at the head of the planters and is a leader in legislation. He has been said to strongly favor annexation, notwithstanding his desire as a planter for cheap labor. He believes that if annexation abolishes the contract labor system it will more than compensate in other ways. He thinks that there are too many Japanese in the country now—that Portuguese should be introduced instead—that the plan of co-operative planting, or share system, may succeed.

The birthday of the Emperor of Japan is enthusiastically observed here by his subjects to-day. A procession of Japs paraded the streets. The Chinese were much irritated and notified the police that there would be a fight upon the slightest display of insolence by the Japanese. There was no trouble.

President Dole is inspecting crown and government lands on the Island of Hawaii. He is preparing new homestead laws for the coming legislature.

The British steamer Naushan arrived October 28 with 1,000 Japanese laborers. Several days previous the Japanese sailors mutinied and were supported by the passengers. A court martial is in progress upon the mutineers, held by the British commissioner.

The French cruiser Duguay-Trouin arrived this morning, 27 days from Callao, en route to Yokohama.

The Japanese in Hawaii have raised \$6,000 for the Red Cross Society attending the Japanese armies.

Rheumatism is primarily caused by acidity of the blood. Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies the blood, and thus cures the disease.

E. M. JOHNSON

37 Government Street, Corner of Broughton.

ESTABLISHED 1879.

Real Estate Agent, Conveyancer and Notary Public

Loans Effected, Rents and Income Collected, Deeds Prepared, Etc., Etc.

FOR SALE--20,000 ACRES FARMING LAND

In contiguous Blocks; Beautifully watered; forming one of the finest estates in the Province; house and farm buildings, 2000 cattle; 50 to 80 horses; easy approach; good roads; railways projected to property and the estate is in close proximity to some of the best developed, most promising gold mines in the District. The price of the whole is extremely moderate. Principals only treated with.

FOR SALE---A 1388-ACRE FARM

About 1000 Acres of which is Ploughable Prairie of First-class Quality.

120 Head Cattle 1 pedigree Hereford Bull.

12 Horses.

Ploughs, Harrows, Reaper, Wagon, Sleds and usual Farm Implements.

Double Harness, Chain Harness, Bull Chains, Saddles (ladies and gent's), Bridles, etc.

Blacksmiths' Bellows, Anvil and Tools and Carpenters' Tools.

9-Room House (shingle roofed; Stable for 10 horses, with hay loft above; Stone Roothouse, Store Buildings, Dairy, Cow Sheds, etc., etc.

7 Miles (about) Standing Fences, in good order; Corrals, &c.

Small Lot Household Furniture, Stove and Pipes, Crockery, etc., etc.

These localities are rapidly settling up and as farm land is limited great inducement is offered to any person or corporation having capital and knowledge necessary to develop and work these estates. A store, hotel and blacksmith shop could be run in connection with the farm.

P. O. BOX 188.

TELEPHONE NO. 74.

WEATHER STRIPS

—FOR—

:—Doors and Windows.

Get them and save your coal.

J. P. BURGESS,

Carpenter and Builder
10 Broughton Street.

VICTORIA ARM.

FOR SALE—One of the finest sites on the Arm. Deep water frontage and running back to Gorge Road. Contains one and one-eighth acres, seven-roomed house, stables, etc. City water laid on. Twenty minutes' walk from tram car. Will be sold cheap. Apply to SWINERTON & ODDY, corner Gormont and Yates streets, or FLINT & PROSSER, Broad street.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

In the Supreme Court of British Columbia.

In the matter of the Goods of Robert Williams, Deceased, and in the matter of the "Official Administrator's Act."

Notice is hereby given that by an order of the Honorable Mr. Justice Trenchard, bearing date the 20th day of October, 1894, I was appointed Administrator of the Estate and Effects of Robert Williams, late of the City of Victoria. The Creditors of the Deceased are, on or before the 10th day of December, 1894, to send by post, prepaid to the undersigned, their Christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims, a statement of their accounts (verified by statutory declaration), and the names of the securities (if any) held by them, or in default thereof all claimants will be peremptorily excluded from any benefit of the said Estate.

All persons indebted to the said deceased are requested to pay such indebtedness to me forthwith.

W. MONTEITH,
Official Administrator.
Dated this 20th day of October, A.D. 1894.
cc21-1m

SALE OF DREDGE "PACIFIC."

The sale of the above, advertised for 11 a.m. Wednesday, 31st October, is postponed until 11 a.m. Wednesday, 14th November next, on board the vessel as she now lies near Turpin's Ways, Victoria Harbour.

For further particulars apply to Geo. Byrnes, F. C. GAMBLE, Resident Engineer, Dept. Public Works, B.C.

MARVELOUS LINIMENT AND MIXTURE

Cures Rheumatism

—AND ALL KINDS OF—

SPRAINS, PAINS AND ACHES.

READ A FEW TESTIMONIALS.

Dean & Cryderman, Victoria, British Columbia, GENTLEMEN.—With much pleasure I add my testimony to your valuable Marvellous Rheumatic Cure. For three months I suffered terrible pain. Could not move only by the aid of two sticks. I have only taken two bottles of the medicine and two of the Liniment, and I can now go without sticks, and hope after the third bottle to go to work.

Yours very thankfully,
S. NORMAN,
No. 48 Oswego street, corner Michigan street.

DEAN & CRYDERMAN

SOLE AGENTS,

Corner Yates and Broad Streets, not1 Victoria, B. C.

SNOWFLAKE FLOUR

FOR FAMILY USE,
IS THE BEST IN THE MARKET.

Ask Your Grocer for It. Have No Other.

MANUFACTURED BY

Red Crown Roller Mills,
ALBANY, OREGON, au1

MATERNITY (ate Samaritan) Home, removed to larger premises, at 120 Johnson street. Applicants please apply at the Home, or to Mrs. Higgins, Cadboro Bay Road, or to Mrs. Flumerfelt, Gorge Road. fcl0

CHAS. HAYWARD,

Funeral Director & Embalmer

82 GOVERNMENT STREET, VICTORIA.

The largest and best appointed Undertaking Establishment in the Province.

NOTICE.

All persons having claims against the estate of the late Andrew Samuel Booth, deceased, are requested to send me particulars thereof, and all persons indebted to the estate are requested to pay such indebtedness to me forthwith.

SAMUEL JOHN BOOTH.
cc19-1m

STEAMERS AND SHIPS

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO.

DESPATCH A STEAMER EVERY FIVE days for San Francisco, carrying Her Majesty's mails, from Outer Wharf at 8 p.m. Umatilla - - - Nov. 14

moh20 R. P. RITHEK & CO. Agents.

C.P. Navigation Co., Limited.

TIME TABLE NO. 24

Takes effect Sept. 1, 1894.

Vancouver Route:

Victoria to Vancouver—Daily, except Monday, at 2 o'clock a.m. Vancouver to Victoria—Daily, except Monday, at 12.15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route:

LEAVE VICTORIA for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island—Sunday at 2 o'clock; Wednesdays and Fridays at 7 o'clock. Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going east Monday. For Plumper's Pass—Wednesdays and Fridays at 7 o'clock. For Moreby and Pender Islands—Friday at 7 o'clock. For Sidney—Wednesday, at 7 o'clock. LEAVE NEW WESTMINSTER for Victoria—Monday at 12.15 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock. For Plumper's Pass—Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock. For Pender and Moreby Islands and Sidney—Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route:

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Fort Simpson and intermediate ports the 1st, 10th and 20th of each month at 12 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route:

Steamer Maud leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound Ports the 1st and 15th of each month.

The Company reserves the right of changing this Time Table at any time without notification. JOHN IRVING, Manager
G. A. CARLETON, General Agent,
Victoria, Sept. 1st, 1894.

GEO. A. SARGISON

NOTARY PUBLIC,

Accountant & Agent,

48 LANGLEY ST.

The Colonist.
TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 13, 1894.

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY EXCEPT MONDAY.
BY
THE COLONIST PRINTING & PUBLISHING
COMPANY, LIMITED LIABILITY.

W. H. ELLIS, Manager. A. G. SARONSON, Secretary.

TERMS:
THE DAILY COLONIST.
Per year (postage free to any part of Canada) \$10 00
Per month (if delivered) 85
THE WEEKLY COLONIST.
PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING.
Per year (postage free to any part of the Dominion or the United States) \$3 00
Six months 1 75
Three months 75
Subscriptions in all cases are payable strictly in advance.

BABY'S PHOTOGRAPH

IMPERIAL COUPON No. 12. STUDIO

SIX COUPONS OF DIFFERENT NUMBERS AND 10 CENTS.

GOOD FOR

PARTS I TO 20 INCLUSIVE

NAME.....
P.O.....

Masterpieces from the Art Galleries of the World.

With three Coupons and 10 cents each part.

THE GOVERNOR'S SPEECH.

The Governor's speech reminds the Representatives of the people that the Government, since the dissolution of the Legislature, has had serious difficulties to meet and to overcome. The business depression which affected the other parts of the Dominion as well as the neighboring republic, has been felt in this Province, and has had the effect of diminishing its revenue. In this case the old saying that "misfortunes never come singly" was realized, for the damage done by the Fraser River floods both to private property and to public works made a large extra expenditure an absolute necessity. The Government could not stand by and see the land, made unproductive by the flood, remain idle during the whole season for want of aid. There was no time to be lost in deliberation. The sufferers needed immediate relief. They wanted urgently food for themselves, their families and their stock, and seed to put in the ground as soon as the water receded. With the approval of the people of the whole Province the Government procured for the sufferers the relief they needed. The roads and bridges destroyed and injured had to be rebuilt and repaired. All this required a large outlay of money. The consequence is that the expenditure has been much greater than was expected when last year's estimates were drawn up. And the diminished revenue caused by the hard times greatly increased the difficulties of the Government. But as every sensible man sees, the difficulty is only temporary. The industries of the country are in a thriving condition and the prospect in all parts of the Province is cheering. The Governor, therefore, was fully justified in directing attention to the hopeful condition of the industries of the Province. If, as is confidently expected by those on this continent best qualified to form an opinion on the business situation, times continue to improve, this Province will be in a short time in a more flourishing condition than ever it was.

The Governor was happily in a position to inform the House that the Nakup and Slocan Railway, about which there was so much croaking last year, is completed and is commencing operations under the happiest auspices. Those who know most about the Kootenay country and its resources are confident that it will do a good business, will be more than self-sustaining, and will be of the greatest benefit to the country to accommodate which it has been built.

His Honor was also able to inform the House that steps had been taken to bring the Railway Belt dispute to a speedy settlement. The Attorney-General has been indefatigable in his attempts to have that dispute adjusted, and it is evident that his efforts are about to be crowned with success. The Premier has also used his influence in Ottawa to such good effect that a joint departmental Commission is to be appointed, having for its object a report by expert engineers on the feasibility of a comprehensive scheme for the protection of the Fraser River Valley. This is the first step towards the construction of a great work which will be of the utmost value to the Province. If the Premier succeeds, as we believe he will, in getting that most useful and beneficent work under way he will have performed a service to the Province which will never be forgotten—will in fact become one of its greatest benefactors. We believe that it is literally impossible to place too high an estimate on a scheme which will have the effect of protecting the Fraser River Valley from floods.

The measures promised in the Speech are not numerous, but they are all good and all required. It is not known as yet what proposals for railway extension will be laid before the House, but whatever they may be, we are very sure the majority of the members will give them the most careful consideration and deal with them in a liberal and large-minded way.

AN IMPORTANT DECISION.

The decision of Mr. Justice Crease in the important mining case of Granger vs. Fotheringham et al., will be read with advantage and approval by all who take an interest in the progress of the mining industry of the country. The facts of the case are clearly set forth in the judgment. To the lay reader who does not attach much importance to legal technicalities and nice law points, it appears to be an instance of claim-jumping of a very aggravated kind. The man who jumps his neighbor's claim because he happens to know that all formalities have not been properly complied with or the requirements of the law not fully carried out, even when there has been very little money spent on the claim, is looked upon as a mean fellow who should not be encouraged by either the law or the community in which he lives. But the claim-jumper in this case obtained his knowledge of the mine owner's non-compliance with the law in the most dishonorable manner possible. He, we find from Mr. Justice Crease's decision, obtained from the Mining Recorder employment in copying out the mining records at Golden and at Donald. While in this position of trust, and in the performance of the duty for which he was no doubt well paid, he discovered that certain requirements of the law of very little apparent importance had not been complied with by Mr. Fotheringham's agent—the publication of an advertisement in the British Columbia Gazette and the filing with the Mining Recorder of the certificate of the year's work that had been done. The acting clerk, instead of informing the mine owner or someone representing him, of the neglect, kept the knowledge of it to himself, and when he saw an opportunity took possession of the property, although the owner of the claim had spent upon it some fifteen or twenty thousand dollars. Mr. Fotheringham had complied with all the material requirements of the law necessary to enable him to obtain the Crown Grant with the exception we have named, and the claim jumper, taking an advantage of the neglect or the forgetfulness of the owner's agent, endeavored to step in and to possess himself of all that had been honestly and faithfully done to improve and develop the claim. Such trickery and such treachery must be most hateful in the eyes of all lovers of fair dealing, and we are glad to see it denounced by Mr. Justice Crease in fitting terms. We are also pleased to find that the law gives no countenance to the attempts of a schemer to reap where he has not sown.

It is to be hoped that our legislators will devise some measure to prevent land sharks and mining sharks taking advantage of the ignorance or the negligence as regards certificates, of honest miners who faithfully fulfil the requirements of the law in the matter of improvements. We do not think that it would be very difficult to find a way to baulk the shark and to secure to the bona fide miner, without putting him to the expense of defending his claim in a court of law, the fruits of his expenditure and his honest labor. We are far from thinking that disregard of the requirements of the law should be encouraged in miners or in any other class, but as many of the miners are not well posted in the law, and as their agents—as in the case under consideration—may be neglectful, we think that timely warning on the part of mining recorders of failure to file necessary documents would have a salutary effect. At any rate we have a notion that it would not be very difficult to make such a scheme as was exposed and thwarted in the case of Granger vs. Fotheringham et al., impossible.

CHINESE SOLDIERS.

Every day brings us news of defeats and disasters in China. The Chinese soldiers appear to be beaten in every engagement. Though superior in physique to the Japanese soldiers, and not inferior in courage, they are unable to offer their little invaders anything like a firm resistance. The reason of their ineffectiveness is not far to seek. This is what a Russian traveller says about Chinese soldiers:

Chinese soldiers march anyhow. Their armament is in the largest degree varied; one has a rifle, a second a sword, a fourth a spear—in fact, so diverse is this armament that it is impossible to describe the variations. The non-commissioned officers possess revolvers and swords, but the officers are entirely unarmed. At first sight this seems remarkable, but one speedily becomes accustomed to this characteristic peculiarity of the Chinese army; the more so when one suddenly recollects that the greater number of the Chinese officers receive no special training in the knowledge of their duties, and that scarcely a tenth part of them know even how to shoot. . . . This latter is still more remarkable, but is nevertheless a fact. Shooting with the bow, on horseback or on foot, fencing and skill in carrying and hurling weights—such is the syllabus of the present Imperial examination for the highest grades, that is for Doctors of Military Science. As regards the lower grades, they are recruited from the servants of the commanders of the Army corps, from grooms and from men condemned to military service by the civil mandarins, and are still less adapted for their position than are the higher grades.

With such officers and such men, a Napoleon or a Wellington could not win battles against armies tolerably well disciplined and decently equipped. It is seen now that the descriptions of the state of the Chinese army which found their way into print in the early days of the war were not in the least highly colored. The Chinese soldiers are as ill-disciplined and as badly equipped in every way as those who despised them most heartily asserted, and they acquit themselves even more despothically than was predicted.

There is little hope for improvement as

long as the Government remains as it is. Corruption is the great enemy of army improvement in China. The thieves are of all ranks, and they resort to all sorts of rascally devices to accomplish their ends. The greater part of the money intended to supply the army with what it needs finds its way into the pockets of the thieves, officials and other. It was said at one period of the Peninsular War that the British could not win any battles until a few army contractors were hanged. If half that we read of Chinese picking and stealing is true, the hanging or the beheading of most of the mandarins in China of all grades is a necessary preliminary to army reform. A very large proportion of them seem to be incorrigible thieves, and their speedy decapitation appears to be absolutely necessary to, as the French say, encourage the others.

SUFFERING UNDER FREE TRADE.

Those who are trying to make Canadians believe that farmers in free-trade England are not suffering, have undertaken a task of no ordinary difficulty. The reason is simple. The facts are against them. Almost every English newspaper we open contains evidence of the strongest kind that agriculture in Great Britain is deplorably depressed, and that there is not the slightest prospect of there being any improvement either in the near or the distant future. This is what the Norfolk Chronicle says about the condition of agriculture in England:

On Michaelmas Day notices of tenants to leave their farms fell like snowflakes all over the country; and who can wonder? At present prices it is not a question of reduction of rent, for with no rent at all half Norfolk cannot be cultivated. A grave crisis in the arable districts of England is fast approaching, and the Government and the general public don't care two straws about it. Wages have fallen and the old hands have been discharged; but we fear many really good farm laborers will find it difficult to obtain constant employment this winter. There is no improvement in the corn trade. It is not only that prices are ruinously low, but inferior grain cannot find buyers at any price.

If under the protective system farmers were in such a condition as is indicated by the above extract, free-traders in England and elsewhere would immediately attribute the agricultural distress to protection. They would declare, as they have done in Canada and the United States, that it was owing to the high duties imposed upon imports that farmers found it difficult to live comfortably and at the same time meet their obligations. Although American farmers have not escaped the depression that has almost paralyzed business on this side of the Atlantic, their complaint is not so bitter and so mournful as is that of the farmers of Great Britain, who have for nearly fifty years been enjoying the boasted advantages of almost absolute free trade.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

Apollinaris
"THE QUEEN OF TABLE WATERS."

"THE TYPE OF WHAT
A NATURAL MINERAL
EFFERVESCENT TABLE
WATER SHOULD BE."
Land and Water.

"ITS PURITY AND THE
ABUNDANCE OF ITS
NATURAL CARBONIC ACID
COMBINE, WITH ITS SOFT
VELVETY TASTE, TO MAKE
IT PRE-EMINENT."
British Medical Journal.

LETT'S
OFFICE DIARIES,
Canadian Office Diaries

.....And a very large assortment of.....

ARTIST - MATERIAL

.....Just received by.....

T. N. HIBBEN & CO.

PARTIES DESIROUS

of fitting up their fire-places should call and examine our stock of:

Grates and Hearth Tiles.

The largest variety and lowest prices in the city.

McKILLICAN & ANDERSON

Langley Street, corner Courtney. noll-1m

**YOUR TONGUE
IS COATED
YOU
NEED THEM**

ESLAVY'S LIVER LOZENGES.

They are not a cure all, but are the best medicine known for Biliousness, Headache, Constipation, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Pimples, Sallowiness and all diseases arising from impure blood or sluggish liver.

25 CENTS A BOX

Ask Your Druggist For Them.

MY ANNUAL IMPORTATION OF DUTCH BULBS

have arrived from Holland in fine condition. Also very fine new LAWN GRASS SEED, this year's crop.

WM. DODDS (Florist and Seedsmen, 207 Fort St. ocl3-1m

USE

MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT
for Man and Beast!

Langley & Co., Wholesale Agents for British Columbia.

It quickly cures

Cuts,	Burns,
Corns,	Bruises,
Chilblains,	Bunions,
Cracks between the Toes,	
Scalds,	Piles,
Swellings,	Ulcers,
Stiff Joints,	Old Sores,
Inflammation of all kinds,	
Lame Back,	Pimples,
Rheumatism,	Pustules,
Caked Breasts, Eruptions,	
Diseased Tendons,	
Contracted Muscles,	
And all Lameness and Soreness.	

WINDOW SHADES, CURTAIN POLES, POLE TRIMMINGS, LACES, FRINGES, ETC.

Color Books, with latest prices, sent on application to all reliable wholesale and retail dealers.

IMPERIAL SHADES,
Superior to all Others.

MENZIE, TURNER & CO., 24 BAY STREET, TORONTO.

VICTORIA REPRESENTATIVE BUSINESS FIRMS
OF
JOBBERS AND MANUFACTURERS.

LANGLEY & CO.
Wholesale Druggists
Established 1852.

FINE JAMS AND JELLIES.
The same as your mother used to make, to be had at
FALCONER'S VINEGAR, PICKLE & JAM WORKS,
120 and 128 Fort St. Telephone 473.

BOUCHERAT & CO.
IMPORTERS OF
Wines and Liquors.

LENZ & LEISER,
Wholesale Dry Goods
LARGEST STOCK IN THE PROVINCE.

BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

(Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1863.)
CAPITAL (With power to increase) \$500,000. \$2,920,000.
RESERVE \$275,000. \$1,332,333.

HEAD OFFICE: - - - - 60 LOMBARD STREET. LONDON. ENGLAND.

BRANCHES:
IN BRITISH COLUMBIA—VICTORIA, VANCOUVER, NEW WESTMINSTER, NANAIMO, KAMLOOPS AND NELSON (KOOTENAY LAKE).
IN THE UNITED STATES—SAN FRANCISCO, PORTLAND, SEATTLE AND TACOMA.

AGENTS AND CORRESPONDENTS:
CANADA—Canadian Bank of Commerce, Merchants Bank of Canada, The Molsons Bank, Imperial Bank of Canada, Bank of Nova Scotia and Union Bank of Canada. IN UNITED STATES—Canadian Bank of Commerce (Agency) New York. Bank of Nova Scotia, Chicago. In AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND—Bank of Australasia, HOBART—Blakely & CO.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT. Deposits received from \$1 upwards, and interest allowed (present rate) at 3 1/2 PER CENT. PER ANNUM.
Gold dust purchased and every description of Banking business transacted.
Victoria, B.C., July 1, 1888. ap5 **GEO. GILLESPIE, MANAGER.**

PLOWS, HARROWS, SEEDERS

Balford Sulky Plows,
14 and 16 in. cut, \$15.
Oliver Chilled Plows,
From \$6 and upwards.
Oliver Steel Plows,
From \$7 and upwards.
Essex Centre, Advance and Frost & Wood Plows.
Spring-Tooth, Disc and Drag Harrows.
Massey-Harris New Style Combined Hoe Drill and Spring-Tooth Broadcast Seeder.
E. G. PRIOR & CO
(LIMITED LIABILITY)
VICTORIA, VANCOUVER and KAMLOOPS.

COAL. COAL. COAL.
REMOVAL
WOOD. WOOD. WOOD.

W. WALKER
Has opened an office for the sale of Coal and Wood in No. 15 MARKET BUILDING, end of Broad Street. Orders filled with usual promptness. Telephone No. 466. ocl4-1m

TO THE PUBLIC.
HAVE YOU SEEN AT THE SHOW THE

FINE EXHIBIT
—OF—
STOVES AND RANGES
—EXHIBITED BY—

GEO. POWELL & CO.,
CHEAPSIDE, 127 GOVERNMENT STREET.
November 9th, 1894. noll-3t

CASH
TAKES less room
.. than Hats, and
so to get your cash
in our safe and our
hat on your head,
we have almost cut
the price in half.

HATS, \$1.50 all styles and sizes

These were formerly sold at \$2 50.

W. J. JEFFREE

The Golden Rule Clothing Store
Cor. Yates and Douglas Sts.
se16-1m

GRAND THANKSGIVING EVENT

VICTORIA THEATRE

Wednesday & Thursday, Nov. 21 & 22

THE MINSTRELS
VICTORIA AMATEUR MINSTRELS

Under the distinguished patronage of His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor and Mrs. Dewdney.

For the Benefit of the Victoria Lacrosse Club.

A FESTIVAL OF MIRTH AND MELODY.
THE LATEST DANCY SONGS—BRIGHTLY DANCES.
GRAND CHORUS OF 35—FULL ORCHESTRA OF 10 PIECES
THE SERTIFINTE DANCE—THE GREAT OAK WALK.
THE LATEST FUROR, "POLLY M'GILLIGAN'S BAND"
(By special permission of Thatcher's Minstrels)
Look out for the Street Parade. Prices—\$1, 75c, 50c, and 25c. Reserved seats at Jamieson's. n11

BAZAAR
IN AID OF THE CATHOLIC CHURCH

WILL BE HELD IN

Institute Hall, on Tuesday, November 13

Lunch will be served from 12 to 2 p.m. 25c.
High Tea from 6 to 7:30 p.m. 25c.
Musical Entertainment in the evening. Admission 25c.
Admission free during lunch hour. noll-2t

ST. JAMES' HALL.
A CONCERT

—WILL BE HELD ON—
Tuesday, 13th November, 1894.
For the benefit of the Hall Fund.
Admission, including refreshments, 25c. noll-3t

UNDER THE PATRONAGE OF HIS HONOR THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR AND MRS. DEWDNEY.

GRAND INTERNATIONAL CONCERT.

THE MEETING OF THE NATIONS

In aid of the Orphans' Homes of the city.

A.O.U.W. HALL, YATES ST.

Wednesday, Nov. 14, 8 p.m. Sharp.

NATIONAL AIRS. NATIONAL COSTUMES.

"Prison Scene" and Grand Duet from Verdi's "Il Trovatore," under the direction of W. Edgar Buck. Tickets 50c. Two children on one ticket. noll-6t

CHRIST CHURCH SCHOOLS

CONCERT AND TOMBOLA

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 15.

ADMISSION 50 CTS.

Including ticket for Tombola. noll-1d

NEW GOODS

We have now received a complete line of Fashionable Fall and Winter Goods. "CASH" being our motto we ask a comparison of prices with "THE-OLD-LINE" credit system. . . .

CAMPBELL & CO.,

THE TAILORS

No. 88 GOVERNMENT STREET.

NOTICE.

MRS. DEANS PROS:
Sirs—Your cattle have been examined and tested by Tuberculin, and as they are free from Tuberculosis, I am pleased to give you a clean bill of health.

F. S. ROPER, V.S.,
Inspector of Contagious Diseases in Animals.

With reference to the above we beg to thank our numerous customers for their continued support, and to assure them that we shall always make it a point to supply them with perfectly pure milk from healthy cattle. We also extend our thanks to Mr. F. S. Roper and his assistants for the careful manner in which they handled our cattle during the test.

GEO. & J. F. DEANS.

Oakvale Dairy Farm.

November 9th, 1894. noll-3t

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

AUCTION SALES.

Nov. 14.—Dredger "Pacific," Geo. Byrnes.
Nov. 15.—Furniture, etc. H. Cuthbert & Co.

THE CITY.

THERE will be a meeting of the Y. W. C. T. U. to-morrow evening in the Temperance hall, commencing at 8 o'clock.

The final rehearsal of the "Meeting of the Nations" for soloists, choruses and orchestra, will take place at 7:30 this evening in the A. O. U. W. hall, Yates street.

The ball committee in connection with the Governor General's visit meet to-day at 4 o'clock at the city hall. The decoration and promenade concert committee met yesterday and appointed a sub-committee to get the accounts together.

MANY of the friends of Mr. William Pollard will be pleased to learn of his marriage at Los Angeles on the 30th ultimo, to Miss Addie Seeley, of Long Beach. The ceremony was performed by Rev. E. A. Heeley, an old college friend of Mr. Pollard.

In chambers yesterday morning Mr. Justice Crease, on application from Mr. McPhillips for the defendant in Croasdale v. Hall, granted an order fixing the hearing of a motion for a new trial by the Divisional court on the 22nd inst. Mr. Hunter contra.

DONATIONS to the W. C. T. U. refuge home during the months of October and November are gratefully acknowledged from the following:—Mrs. Teague, Mrs. W. Armstrong, the Metropolitan Methodist church, Mrs. Spencer, Mrs. Crowther, Mrs. Hart, Methodist Missionary Auxiliary, Mrs. Cleaver, and Miss McGregor.

At Institute hall this afternoon and evening the ladies of the R. C. congregation will hold their annual bazaar. This is an event long looked forward to by many and always enjoyable. From the completeness of the preparations to-day it is safe to say that no one who attends will be disappointed. The collection of saleable articles is large and varied, and in addition to the usual fancy fair attractions there will be a substantial "business men's lunch" at noon and high tea in the evening. Afterwards a first class musical programme which includes many striking novelties will be presented.

THE Victoria Amateur Minstrels, who make their bow to the public on the evening of Wednesday the 21st, have several great surprises in store for their patrons. Talented local performers, who for years and years have been hiding their collective lights under a bushel, will for a brief hour or two allow them to shine; the music, both concerted and solo, promises to be first class, and the funny business will be strictly up to date. A specialty will be made of the dancing, and the management guarantees something "better, bigger and grander than ever before—see Matt Egan as little Eva, you can never forget it."

DURING his visit to Victoria the Governor General was struck with the appearance and playing of Mr. James Anderson, one of the pipers of the Sir Wm. Wallace Society, that Mr. Anderson is now to go back to Ottawa as orderly and piper to His Excellency at Rideau Hall. Mr. Anderson is a native of Aberdeenshire and is by trade a stockcounter. For the last year he has been working at his trade, cutting stone for the new parliament buildings here. A fine performer on the pipes he never made boast or show of his accomplishment, but of course was always ready to play for the Sir Wm. Wallace Society, of which he was a member. The secretary of the society has received a letter from the Governor General stating that he will have much pleasure in becoming a patron of the society.

The following are the names of the gentlemen invited to dine with His Honor the Lieutenant Governor yesterday evening:—Right Rev. the Bishop of Vancouver Island, His Lordship the Bishop of Columbia, Rt. Rev. Bishop Cridge, Lieut.-Col. G. A. L. Rawstone, R.M.A.; Hon. Senator Macdonald, Hon. Senator McInnes, Hon. Mr. Justice Crease, Hon. Mr. Justice Walker, Hon. Mr. Justice Drake, Mr. Thomas Earle, M.P.; Lieut.-Col. E. G. Prior, M.P.; Mr. F. S. Barnard, M.P.; Hon. Theodore Davis, Hon. C. E. Pooley, Hon. J. H. Turner, Col. the Hon. James Baker, Hon. G. B. Martin, Hon. D. W. Higgins, Mr. C. A. Semlin, M.P.; Lieut.-Col. J. F. Peters, D.A.G.; Lieut. and Commander F. A. Garforth, R.N.; Major H. H. Muirhead, R.E.; Captain G. E. Barnes, R.M.A.; Lieut. H. W. Gordon, R.E. (Acting A.D.C.); the United States Consul, Captain A. C. Flamerfelt, Mr. E. G. Varon, His Worship the Mayor of Victoria, Captain A. W. Jones, and Mr. E. A. Jacob.

VICTORIA is gradually reaping the benefits of the new cold storage facilities recently provided. Since the establishment of the B. C. Cold Storage and Ice Company's plant arrangements have been made, as stated in the COLONIST some few days ago, for the further development of the fishing industry, with Victoria as the base of operations and, of course, the cold storage rooms for preserving purposes. This enterprise will not, however, be confined to the limits originally outlined. On the arrival yesterday of the Australian steamship the company received besides 150 carcasses of mutton 1,000 rabbits—probably the first ever brought into British Columbia, if not Canada. Australia, as is well known, is overstocked with these animals, and recently the agricultural department of Victoria forwarded to London a consignment numbering nearly 2,000, which arrived in the metropolis in excellent condition, being sold at a shilling each. The prime cost in Melbourne, expenses of cleaning and freezing, together with the freight charges for transportation, amounted to 7½d. This left a clear profit of 4½d. each to the exporters, and will, doubtless, says an Australian exchange, cause rabbit-trapping for export to become a remunerative occupation. The prospect of this business, however, caused prices to rise nearly 85 per cent. in Sydney, and consequently those which have been sent on here cost much higher than those sent to London. The mutton which arrived yesterday is very choice and reached Victoria in fine condition. The steamers running between here and Australia are respectively provided, it may be remarked, with cold storage on a different system, and

THE OPENING CEREMONY.

A Brilliant Military Staff and Splendid Guard of Honor Add to the Effect.

Formal Invitations Included Only the Official List, But Others Cordially Welcomed.

Opened yesterday in due form, the seventh Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia now stands adjourned until Thursday afternoon next, when, at 2 o'clock, the interesting official speech of His Honor the Lieutenant Governor, outlining the principal business of this its first session will be taken into consideration with a view to presenting the customary address in reply. The expectation that all the members save one would be in their places at the opening was not realized, owing to an unfortunate detention of the C. P. R. express, whereby Messrs. Semlin, Sword and Forster, were unexpectedly delayed, and Mr. H. D. Helmcken, being now crossing this continent on his way back from Europe, made the fourth absentee. As anticipated, a proposition to re-elect Hon. D. W. Higgins speaker met with unanimous approval, and in consequence he has now entered upon his third term. The official staff of the house will, as for several sessions, include Mr. Thornton Fell as clerk and Mr. Anderson as sergeant-at-arms.

Those who gathered at the opening ceremony yesterday could not fail to contrast the splendid appearance already presented by the handsome modern block in course of erection for parliamentary and departmental purposes, with the dilapidated little building which has done such good service in the past, but now falls far short of affording the accommodation required alike by the members of the legislature and the public interested in their proceedings. The rapid progress which has been made by the contractor was the subject of general comment, as the large crowd who could not find place inside the legislative building waited in the open to see the arrival of the Lieutenant Governor and the salute by the guard of honor. This guard was furnished by the Royal Marine Artillery, with the band of the B.C.A., and was in charge of Capt. Barnes, who was the only officer in the parade. The men, as was to be expected, presented a very neat and otherwise soldierlike appearance, and when they presented arms as a royal salute to the Lieutenant Governor, upon his arrival attended by Lieut. H. W. Gordon, R.E., acting A.D.C., the movements were executed with machine-like precision and alacrity. The band played three bars of the national anthem, and His Honor having acknowledged the salute passed into the building, proceeding first to the library, where the officers to form his staff had assembled. These were Lieut.-Col. G. A. R. Rawstone, R.M.A.; Lieut.-Col. E. G. Prior, M.P., B.C.B.G.A.; Major H. H. Muirhead, R.E.; Lieut. and Commander F. A. Garforth, R.N., attended by Sub Lieut. R. H. Shipster, R.N.; Capt. A. W. Jones, District Paymaster; Capt. A. C. Flamerfelt, Lieutenants C. St. A. Pearce, F. B. Gregory, and W. Jameson, B.C.G.A., and Mr. E. A. Jacob, private secretary. Preceded by the officers, who went two by two in order of seniority, His Honor entered the chamber, passing between the staff as they lined up on either side of the aisle, and took his seat upon the Throne for a moment while the Provincial Secretary made the customary announcement that the Lieutenant Governor desired that a Speaker should be elected before he delivered the speech. His Honor with his immediate attendants then retired to the Speaker's room near by, the staff officers remaining, however, in the aisle. Then Mr. Eberts repeated his motion of four years ago, nominating Hon. D. W. Higgins for Speaker, in a graceful speech which was endorsed and added to by Mr. F. C. Cotton, who, acting as leader of the opposition in Mr. Semlin's absence, seconded the motion, which being put by the Clerk was unanimously agreed to. The Sergeant-at-Arms summoned the Lieutenant Governor, who having appeared Mr. Speaker went through the formula of making the announcement of his appointment, humbly declaring—in the phrases for that purpose made and provided—a modest sense of inability to fulfil the important duties of the office, and on behalf of the legislative assembly humbly claiming all their undoubted rights and privileges. To this the Provincial Secretary replied, on behalf of His Honor promising all that had been asked. The Lieutenant Governor then read the speech and retired, Mr. Speaker resuming the chair which for the time being he had vacated and making the customary

Broken in Health

That Tired Feeling, Constipation and Pain in the Back
Appetite and Health Restored by
Hood's Sarsaparilla.



Mr. Chas. Steele
St. Catherine's, Ont.

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:
"For a number of years I have been troubled with a general tired feeling, shortness of breath, pain in the back, and constipation. I could get only little rest at night on account of the pain and had no appetite whatever. I was that tired in my limbs that I gave out before half the day was gone. I tried a great number of medicines but did not get any permanent relief from any."

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

source until, upon recommendation of a friend, I purchased a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla, which made me feel better at once. I have continued its use, having taken three bottles, and I feel like a new man.

I have a good appetite, feel as strong as ever I did, and enjoy perfect rest at night. I have much pleasure in recommending Hood's Sarsaparilla. CHARLES STEELE, with Erie Preserving Co., St. Catherine's, Ontario.

Hood's Pills are prompt and efficient, yet easy in action. Sold by all druggists. 25c.

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And
Nickel
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Rock
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announcement that to prevent mistakes he had obtained a copy of His Honor's speech. Right Rev. W. W. Perrin, who was attired in the robes of his office of Lord Bishop of Columbia, then advanced to the Clerk's desk and read the prayer for the Queen and for the Parliament, followed by the Lord's Prayer, in which many joined.

The routine resolution respecting the printing of the journals, the appointment of committees, and the punishment of bribery at elections, were then made by the ministers in turn, Hon. G. B. Martin, the new commissioner of lands and works, making the last named his first ministerial motion. Bill No. 1, introduced by the Premier, proved to be an act in the interest of the workmen, to better secure the payment of their wages, and promptly got its first reading. The next motion was also by the Premier, being that the house adjourn until Thursday next, and this was objected to by the leader of the opposition in terms which, like the preceding business, might almost have been read from the official records, so familiar did they sound.

The public as customary remained in their seats adjoining the members' desks while the routine business of the first sitting was put through, and an unexpected complication arising from this indulgence was the reappearance of one of the officers of His Honor's staff, who with great intrepidity marched up the aisle whilst the Premier was addressing the house, and after a brief conversation with a lady sitting near the Speaker's entrance, marched back again down the centre of the house. Members and officials alike were transfixed by the glitter of the handsome uniform and medals telling of bravery in the field, and before the sergeant-at-arms had fully recovered from the shock the all unconscious offender against parliamentary dignity was safely outside with the rest of the soldiery.

A number of citizens who have been accustomed to receive invitations to seats on the floor of the house at the opening have wondered that none were sent to them for this occasion. The explanation is simple, being in the first place that there being no Speaker until yesterday no one had authority to make up any other than the official list which the Clerk issued. This included, with the ladies of the household in each case, the members of the judiciary, Senators and Members of Parliament, Mayor and aldermen, officers of H. M. Army and Navy, and Canadian district staff officers; clergy; chief officials of Dominion and Provincial civil service. In the second place, had a further list been compiled the suspension of the street delivery of letters would have interfered with or prevented in many cases the receipt of the cards. All who applied to have chairs reserved for them had their requests complied with, and in consequence there was little trouble about seating those who attended at the opening.

In the list given in the COLONIST on Sunday, of services of the members of the legislature, it should have been stated that Mr. John Bryden, newly elected for North Nanaimo, was a member of a former parliament, having been first elected in 1875.

JUBILEE HOSPITAL BOARD.

Hon. J. S. Helmcken Sends in Plans and Estimates for a Maternity School.

There were present at the Jubilee hospital board meeting last night Messrs. G. H. Brown, Chas. Hayward, J. L. Crimp, Thos. Shotbolt, A. Wilson, W. H. Ellis, J. Stuart Yates and the chairman, Mr. Joshua Davies. The Provincial Secretary wrote that the old men now at the hospital, designated as subjects unfit for a hospital, would be removed to the Old Men's Home at Kamloops as soon as it is completed.

Dr. Richardson asked for some medical supplies, and reported the maintenance of patients for last month at \$1.19 each per diem. The report was adopted.

The Matron acknowledged donations of reading matter from the James Bay Athletic Club and the R. M. A. Club; also clothing from Dr. Hasell. She asked the newspapers to state that donations of clothes, especially warm underclothing, would be gladly received, as they are badly needed. The steward acknowledged donations of chicken feed from Hall, Ross & Co., and flowers from Dr. Helmcken and Miss Doams. The donors were thanked by the board.

A set of plans and the following letter were received from Hon. J. S. Helmcken, M.D.:

GENTLEMEN:—Having in previous letters asserted that a building suitable for a maternity school, containing three bedrooms, could be built and finished, heated by hot water furnace, hot and cold water supplied, the bath and annex and all the rooms, for \$3,500, I now forward a plan to prove my assertions. The plans and estimates explain themselves. I feel that this building and patients can be managed by two nurses, but better with a junior one likewise. For a considerable portion of the year the heating apparatus will not be required.

(Sd.) J. S. HELMCKEN.

This was referred to the special committee and the meeting adjourned.

Drink Victoria-Phoenix Lager Beer.

NOW FOR

NOVEMBER

In order to greet this Winter opening month in a manner befitting its importance to the Dry Goods trade, we propose to make prices on Heavy Goods so low that buyers will not need to wait 'till shrill-voiced wintry winds draw attention to the necessity of warm clothing. You can't get ready too soon.

THIS WAY.

BLANKETS—Heavy Grey, \$1.90, \$2.25, \$2.90, \$3.40.
BLANKETS—Arctic White, \$2.50, \$3.65, \$4.75, \$5.90.
BLANKETS—Super White, 60x80 inches, \$3.45.
BLANKETS—Southdown, No. 200, \$3.00, \$5.75, \$6.50.
The above are direct from the mills, and are great values.
FLANNELS—The real McKay, heavy and good, 15c.
FLANNELS—28 in. wide, twill and plain, 20c. and 25c.
FLANNELS—Best quality, 28-inch, Chambray and St. Hyacinthe mill, regular 40c., now 30c.
FLANNELLETTES—Nice colors and fair quality, 15 yds. \$1.
FLANNELLETTES—Good, wide, English make, twilled and plain, 10c. and 12½c.
QUILTS—Real Arctic Eiderdown, \$5.75 to \$25.00.
QUILTS—Cotton-filled, from 75c. to \$4.00.

In our Showroom on second floor, we have a fine line of Ladies', Misses' and Children's Puritan Underwear, in Vests, Drawers and Combinations. Also "The Challenge," the best 50c. Black Cashmere Hose in the city.

J. HUTCHESON & CO.

THE WESTSIDE, November 3rd, 1894.

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Superior in many respects to Elephant Ivory.

They are quite as elastic and will not break, crack or shrink.

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Best value ever offered by us.
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With Long Capes. A nice comfortable and serviceable article, from \$2.00 up. A splendid coat for \$3.50.

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For the smallest boys. These goods have been made specially for us; good long cape; guaranteed waterproof; \$5.00 and \$5.50.

MEN'S MACKINTOSHES.

We sell double the quantity of any other house in the city, consequently we have a better assortment and stock always fresh. We have not an old Mackintosh in our store. Our coats range from \$8.50 to \$22.00.

UMBRELLAS,

In Silk from \$2.50 to \$8.00; Alpaca from \$1.00 to \$2.75; cheaper ones from 50 cents up.

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TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

We, the undersigned, Rattray & Hall, Coal Merchants, and Sole Agents for the Wellington and Comox Coals in the City of Victoria, hereby declare that all the Coal delivered from our Yard is sold to weigh full 2000 pounds to the ton net, weighing of said Coal being under our personal supervision, and our scales are certified to officially by the Weights and Measures Department. We are the only firm handling the genuine old reliable Wellington Coal in the city.

RATTRAY & HALL.

Victoria, B.C., Oct. 25, 1894. cc23-1m

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An unfailing remedy for COUGHS, COLDS, &c.

PREPARED ONLY BY
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Clarence Block, Cor. Yates and Douglas Sts.

PROVINCIAL LEGISLATURE.

First Session of the Seventh Parliament.

FIRST DAY.

MONDAY, November 12, 1894.

The members, having previously been sworn by the Clerk, took their seats, and at 3 p.m. the Lieutenant Governor attended in state.

HON. COL. BAKER, provincial secretary, announced that His Honor did not see fit to declare the causes of summoning parliament, until a Speaker should be elected.

His Honor thereupon retired.

ELECTION OF SPEAKER.

MR. EBERTS, addressing the Clerk, said it again became his pleasing duty to make a motion which he felt sure would commend itself to every member, that being that David William Higgins, member for Esquimalt district, be elected Speaker. He paid a tribute to that gentleman for the manner in which during the last parliament he had discharged the duties of the office, having been most attentive and painstaking, and at all times fair in his decisions, whether expressed in the heat of debate or after research.

MR. COTTON seconded the motion and also expressed a sense of appreciation at the able and impartial manner in which Mr. Higgins had performed the duties of Speaker, he having been impartial to all, in the heat of debate, calming the passions of members on either side, and giving his decisions purely on the ground of right. Mr. Higgins' service in the past he thought marked him as the right man for the place. The motion was put by the Clerk and carried without dissent, Mr. Higgins then being conducted to the chair by the mover and seconder.

MR. SPEAKER spoke briefly in acknowledgment of the honor just conferred upon him. It was of course a matter of much gratification to him that now for the third time he had been unanimously chosen to preside over the legislature. Though he felt that he was not deserving of all the compliments that had been paid to him, he would try harder than ever to deserve them. (Applause.)

LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR'S SPEECH.

His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor having taken his seat and been made acquainted in due form with the election of a Speaker, signified through the Hon. Provincial Secretary his readiness to grant at all times the rights and privileges of the house; and then read as follows:—

Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the Legislative Assembly:

It is with pleasure I welcome you to the first session of a new house, and I hope that in the performance of your duties you will make the seventh parliament memorable for the wisdom and progressive character of its legislation.

The year which is now drawing to a close has been one of great financial depression throughout the world, and, consequently, in common with other countries, the revenue has not come up to expectation.

The floods of the present year, although happily unattended with loss of life, were productive of much damage to property, and expenditures became necessary in excess of the sums voted by the legislature, for the purpose of restoring means of communication and extending relief to those in need.

The moneys required were raised, with the advice of my ministers, by special warrant, and you are called together at an earlier date than is usual, in order that you may ratify these and other expenditures demanded in the public service, and also to consider an act for raising a loan to meet and be devoted to works of public utility.

In extending relief to sufferers from the floods, I caused seed to be supplied to farmers who had lost their crops, with the highly gratifying result that the produce has not been seriously diminished, and in some instances is equal to and greater than in former years.

Absurdly exaggerated reports of loss of life and property incident to the floods were published broadcast at a time when the extent of damage was unknown. My ministers, however, took prompt measures to remove an impression created thereby, which, if permitted to remain, must have seriously affected the welfare of the province.

Since the last meeting of the assembly, the province has had to deplore the death of one who for thirty-five years was its Chief Justice, the late Sir Matthew Baillie Begbie, by whose demise has been removed a central figure in British Columbia's history, a man of distinguished ability, to whose memory society owes a debt of gratitude for establishing our effective code of justice on firm and lasting foundations.

Coal mining, which during the early part of the year was for lack of profitable foreign demand restricted in its operation, exhibits signs of renewed activity, and the output promises large increase.

The commencement is evident of a healthy reaction in the timber industry, and the exports of lumber have been larger than in preceding years.

Quartz mining in Kootenay, and the inauguration on a large scale, in Cariboo and elsewhere in the province, of placer mining by improved hydraulic methods, have been most encouraging, and betoken an era of great mining development in British Columbia.

The season's operations in salmon canning have been large; the sealing industry has experienced a successful year, the fleet returning with an unprecedented catch; and it is gratifying to observe that attention has been directed to deep-sea fishing, and that a regular trade has now been established with eastern markets.

I am happy to state that the Nakusp and Slocan railway is completed, and already large bodies of ore are being shipped over it. The bonds authorized by the act of last session have been negotiated in London, bearing interest at 4 per cent. per annum, and have been sold at a premium of 6 per cent.

My Attorney-General recently proceeded to Ottawa and discussed with the members of the Dominion cabinet terms of settlement of the long pending dispute with reference to the lands in the railway belt. As a result I expect to be able to lay particulars of a settlement before you during the present session. During his visit to Ottawa an arrangement was also concluded for the issuance of a joint departmental commission, having for its object a report by expert engineers on the feasibility of a comprehensive scheme for the protection of the Fraser River valley. Papers on this subject will be laid before you.

The department of immigration has effected the location of a Norwegian colony of well-to-do settlers in Bella Coola valley. The success of this effort will, doubtless, secure the establishment of future colonies of a similar character.

The province has been favored with a visit from His Excellency the Governor-General of Canada and his amiable consort the Countess of Aberdeen, and it is highly satisfactory to know that on every hand their Excellencies have met with enthusiastic expressions of welcome, and that they will take their departure with a warm and generous appreciation of the loyalty of Her Majesty's subjects in this portion of her Dominions.

Among measures to be submitted for your consideration will be an act to amend the

assessment act, a consolidated lien act, a small debts recovery act, an act for giving to cities the option of government by commissioners, and an act authorizing the revision of the statutes.

The subject of further railway extension for the development of the resources of the province will receive consideration, and should any practical proposal be forthcoming it will be laid before you in due course. The estimates of revenue and expenditure for the ensuing year to be shortly laid before you will be found to be framed with strict regard to economy and the requirements of the public service.

I now leave you to your deliberations in the confidence that your labors will be pursued with earnestness and zeal, and that they will redound to your own honor and the advantage of this favored province. May the Supreme Ruler direct your efforts.

PRAYERS.

Right Rev. Bishop Perrin, when the Lieutenant Governor had retired, offered prayer in set form.

ROUTINE.

Motions by Hon. Mr. Turner, re the printing of the Votes and Proceedings; Hon. Mr. Davis, re the appointment of select standing committees; and Hon. Mr. Martin, re corrupt practices at elections, were agreed to.

WORKMEN'S WAGES.

HON. MR. DAVIE introduced a bill (No. 1) intitled "An act relating to workmen's wages, and to make better provision for securing the payment thereof." Read a first time; ordered for second reading on Thursday.

ADJOURNMENT.

HON. MR. DAVIE moved that the house at its rising do stand adjourned until two o'clock on Thursday.

MR. COTTON inquired why. He repeated the objection which he said had been made at the opening of the last two or three sessions, to thus losing several days at the very outset.

HON. MR. DAVIE replied that he proposed adjournment until Thursday simply to meet the convenience of hon. members, several of whom were not yet in their places or prepared to discuss the business of the house. He thought the hon. gentlemen opposite would have abundant opportunity during the session to save the time of the house, and that they could do so simply by omitting to waste it.

Motion agreed to.

PUBLIC ACCOUNTS.

HON. MR. TURNER presented the Public Accounts for the fiscal year ended 30th June 1894.

The house adjourned at 3.35.

NOTICE OF MOTION.

By Mr. Rithet—That this government be requested to take immediate steps to arrange with the Dominion government for the joint management of the fisheries of this province upon the same terms as the province of Ontario until the final settlement of the question as to the control of the fisheries, now pending between that province and the Dominion government.

WORKMEN'S WAGES BILL.

The first bill of the session, introduced by Hon. Mr. Davis yesterday, provides, with twenty-four clauses and a schedule for the carrying out of the security proposed to be given, in brief to the effect that all wages to workmen shall be paid not less frequently than weekly, and that such wages when due shall be a first charge upon moneys due to any contractor or other employer.

THE SAMOAN DIFFICULTY.

Renewal of Hostilities Imminent—Unpopularity of the Present Government.

The latest news from Samoa is to the effect that rumors of coming trouble are again prevalent there. Things are said to be as bad as before the intervention of the British and German warships. Tamasese declares that his submission was only intended to secure a truce and time for preparation, and the Aana tribe is still under arms.

A correspondent of the Sydney press writing from Apia under date of October 5 says: "There is no definite change in the political situation, nor is it likely that there will be any further outbreak so long as the warships remain in harbor. The whole of the three islands—Upolu, Savaii and Tutuila—are in a state of ferment, but little is needed to bring about an outbreak. The German warship Falke proceeded last week to a part of Savaii and notified a would be rebellious section of one district there that any measures in the direction of war would be promptly stopped by the warships, and the ringleaders punished. There can no longer be any doubt that the present government is doomed. The Treaty officials are unpopular. Whatever feelings remained in favor of the present officials have been entirely dispelled by their attendance at a gathering of pardoned political prisoners, which was organized by Mr. Robert Louis Stevenson. Public feeling is very strong against the Treaty officials for having attended this gathering. As I am writing a letter has been received by the land commissioners from the leaders of the rebel party, informing them that they will not be allowed to hold a sitting at Falealili (a town in the rebel district). This letter has been communicated to the consular authorities, who have invoked the assistance of the warships. What is to become of this unfortunate country is hard to say."

MOTHER!

Lactated Food will Make your Baby Bright Strong and Happy.

Why is your darling baby so weak and puny, so cross and peevish? You say you cannot tell why, and you know of no good reason why it should be so. Let us in a few words, tell you where the troubles arise. Your baby, dear mother, is not receiving a perfect, pure and nourishing food; its digestion is imperfect, its stomach is weak, and it cannot rest and sleep well.

If you were feeding your treasure daily on pure Lactated Food, what a wondrous change you would see in baby. No ill-tempered babies exist where Lactated Food is used; no peevishness is observed, no crying for hours at a time, when nature's true food is regularly used from day to day.

There is danger, dear mother, if you neglect to use the only food fitted for infantile nourishment. If you are not fully convinced about the superiority of Lactated Food, get your physician's opinion at once; he knows that the great food is a wonderful life-saver.

Linen crumb cloths at Weiler Bros. These are suitable for dancing purposes.

On the Mountain Top.

Weary and Jaded Seekers Attain the Coveted Position.

After Months and Years of Suffering Joy Takes the Place of Sorrow.

Paine's Celery Compound Leads to the Summit of Health.

What a joy and satisfaction is experienced when weary and jaded travelers reach the peak of some mighty mountain range! Often such achievements are won after many privations and sufferings. Once the snow-clad and cloud enveloped summit is attained, past reverses and failures are forgotten; the heart is filled with joy and gladness and a profound satisfaction is experienced as a consequence of victory.

So it is with every human being who has reached the mountain top of vigorous health and strength through the aid of that wondrous medicine Paine's Celery Compound. There is an intense joy and a feeling of happiness for victory secured after months and years of failures with agencies that promised help but resulted only in deception.

The direct cause of failures in the past to reach the elevated heights of health is entirely due to the use of worthless medicine.

Mark well the successes and victories of those who, in time of weakness, helplessness and suffering, were led, guided and sustained by that health-giver Paine's Celery Compound.

The common nostrums of our times are unable to cope with neuralgia, rheumatism, heart disease, nervousness, insomnia, dyspepsia, liver and kidney troubles. They may kiddle in the breast a false hope for a time, and for a few days give a small measure of relief, but invariably the frail cords snap, and the victims are hurled into more dreadful dangers and sufferings, and often to death.

How vastly different is the experience of those who take Paine's Celery Compound as their strong leader, guide and protector. They are led surely and steadily onward and upward until the summit of perfect health is reached.

The experience of Mr. William Conley, farmer and hide merchant of West Bolton, P.Q., will fully illustrate the lesson we wish to impress on every reader of this paper. It proves fully the great value of Paine's Celery Compound; and shows the folly of wasting time and money on medicines that have no curing merits to recommend them.

Mr. Conley writes as follows:—"I have had several attacks of neuralgia. It kept on increasing—getting worse; and I tried all the doctors for help, and took all kinds of medicine, and I got so at last that I could not sleep nights. I was sent to Geo. W. Gilmour's for medicine and I got a prescription of quinine and other mixture of drugs, which I took, but they produced no good. I saw an advertisement of Paine's Celery Compound, and I went and bought a bottle, and it cured me of all pains, and I can now rest as well as ever before. I would not be without it, if I had to pay fifteen dollars a bottle."

A LINEMAN SHOCKED.

Malcolm Rowan Badly Burned by a Live Electric Wire.

Several hundred volts of electricity taken involuntarily by Malcolm Rowan nearly cut short his career yesterday. Rowan is a lineman employed in stringing electric light wire for the new city system. Yesterday morning shortly before eight o'clock a gang of linemen were at work near the Dallas hotel. Rowan was standing on the ground stretching a wire, when suddenly he received a shock of electricity that paralyzed him. The wire he was holding had come in contact with a tramway electric light wire, through which some 2,000 volts were passing. As the current is an alternating one Rowan was unable to unclasp his hands from the wire, which was slowly burning into the flesh, and the force of the electricity jerked him about and threw him on the ground, where his head struck with such violence as to stun him. A climber on top of a pole saw the mishap and quickly shinning down cut the wire and freed his unfortunate companion, who but for the prompt assistance would have been dead in a few minutes more. Rowan was carried into the Dallas, restoratives applied and medical assistance summoned. By the afternoon he had pretty well recovered, save for his hands, which are very badly burned. Had the weather been dry the accident would not have occurred, as both wires are covered with weather proofing. The rain had, however, soaked through and acted as a conductor. The city wire is some taken from the old system, for the wire purchased for the new extension is perfectly insulated and waterproof as well.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.

When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.

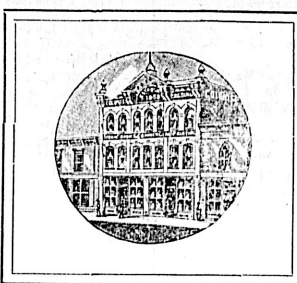
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.

When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Dyspepsia causes Dizziness, Headache, Constipation, Variable appetite, Rising and Souring of Food, Palpitation of the Heart, Distress after Eating. Burdock Blood Bitters is guaranteed to cure Dyspepsia if faithfully used according to directions.

Oysters

In all styles, and game, at the Bank Exchange; popular prices.



ADVERTISE

—IN THE—

Colonist

(DAILY AND WEEKLY)

IF YOU WANT TO DO BUSINESS.

The only way to reach consumers is by placing your advertisement in a reputable newspaper, having the largest circulation in the Province. Those who are SEEKING SITUATIONS, or have A HOUSE FOR SALE OR TO LET, can not do better than advertise in THE COLONIST. It will only cost you

ONE CENT A WORD

For each issue, thus enabling thousands to read your requirements and save you time and money.

PRINTING

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION

PROMPTLY EXECUTED

AND AT

REASONABLE PRICES.

Lithographing and Engraving.

ALL CLASSES OF WORK,

Such as Maps, Cheques, Drafts, Bill Heads, Letter Heads, Note Heads, Plain Labels, Colored Labels, Wedding Cards, Visiting Cards, Etc.

Book and Job Printing.

WE PRINT EVERYTHING.

Salmon and Fruit Labels

IN EVERY STYLE OF THE ART

Are executed on THE COLONIST Presses. The best of material the most capable workmen and careful attention to work, with FAIR PRICES, has earned for THE COLONIST Presses a provincial reputation.

PRICES FURNISHED FOR ALL WORK ON APPLICATION TO THE SUPERINTENDENT, T. B. MACABE.

The Colonist Printing & Publishing Co.,

LIMITED LIABILITY,

VICTORIA, B. C.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

NOTICE.

THE HOTEL VICTORIA

now under the management of

MR. E. ESCALET

is being conducted on strictly first-class principles, everything being in the very best style.

Especial Attention is paid to the Cuisine.

EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON

will be supplied, while the stock of Wines is of the finest French vintage. oct-11

QUEEN'S RESTAURANT

COR. JOHNSON AND STORE STS. FORMERLY THE EMPIRE RESTAURANT, NOW SERVES

The Best 25c. Meal in the City.

MEAL TICKETS, \$4.00.

Meal Hours from 6 a.m. to 8 p.m.

VOSS & PERRY, PROPS. oct-11

LAKESIDE HOTEL

PRICE & JAYNES, PROPRIETORS.

COWICHAN LAKE

Is unquestionably the very best place on the Island for

DEER SHOOTING

AND FLY FISHING

Stage leaves Duncan Station Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays. nov-13-94

AMERICAN HOTEL + YATES STREET

Will be REOPENED THIS EVENING by James Wishart. First-class liquors and cigars. Open day and night. Cold lunch at all hours. The patronage of old friends and customers solicited. JAMES WISHART. oct-11m

A CARD.

OAKLANDS, VICTORIA, Oct. 31, 1894.

Mr. Watson Clark:

Dear Sir,—This is to certify that your 18 head of cattle are free from Tuberculosis, as they have stood the recognized test of tuberculin, am pleased to give you a clean bill of health.

Yours respectfully,

F. S. ROPER, V.S., Inspector of Contagious Diseases of Animals.

With reference to the above I beg to thank my numerous customers for their continued support, and to assure them that I shall always make it a point to supply them with perfectly pure milk from healthy cattle. At the same time I wish to express to Mr. F. S. Roper my appreciation of the careful manner in which he and his assistants handled my cows. WATSON CLARK. Oakland Dairy, Nov. 3, 1894. nov-06

WANTED.

20 DOZ. HENS AT ONCE

W. B. SYLVESTER, 9 and 10 City Market.

ALL WORK GUARANTEED FOR 12 MONTHS.

S. A. STODDART,

Watchmaker, Optician and Jeweler.

Manufacturer of first-class Watches and Jewellery. Repairing at moderate prices.

8-Day Striking Clock, Cathedral Gong, \$5.00

68½ YATES STREET, VICTORIA. 'ap'

Victoria Candy Factory Re-Opened.

W. J. Tipples, the Pioneer Candy Man, who, owing to ill-health, retired from business two years ago, has entirely recovered, and has re-opened this well known establishment. Every facility for producing the Purest and Best Home-made Candies of all kinds.

114 YATES STREET, ABOVE DOUGLAS STREET. nov-10m

DENTISTS' NOTICE.

We, the undersigned Dentists of Victoria, agree to close our respective offices during Saturday afternoons after 1 o'clock throughout the year: A. C. West, A. E. Verrinder, W. J. Quinlan, T. J. Jones, Finlay & Baker, S. G. Clements, Lewis Hall, A. Humber, G. M. Hartman, H. P. Moody. nov-10m

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Licensing Board at its next sitting, for a transfer to Phillip Phillips, of Victoria, of the retail liquor license held by me for the sale of fermented and spirituous liquors upon the premises known as the Royal Hotel (Trade Hotel) situated on the northeast corner of Douglas and Fort streets, in the City of Victoria.

Dated the 6th day of November, 1894. nov-30c

S. WHITLEY.

NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the Licensing Board at its next sitting, for a transfer to Geo. E. Fisher, of Victoria, of my license to sell wines and liquors by retail upon the premises known as the "Elk," formerly the "Standard" Saloon, situate on the southeast corner of Pandora and Douglas Sts., in the City of Victoria.

Dated this 3rd day of November, 1894. nov-30c

LIONEL DICKENSON.

NOTICE

Is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia at its next session for an Act to revise the "Pacific Telephone and Cable Act 1893," and to amend the said Act by extending the time for the commencement and completion of the undertaking authorized by the said Act and otherwise.

Dated at Victoria, the 12th day of October, 1894. oct-13-94

C. DUBOIS MASON,

Solicitor for Applicants.

IMPORTANT MINING SUIT.

Men Who Have Done Considerable Mining Work Maintained in Their Claim.

Judgment by Mr. Justice Crease—Minute Review of All the Facts.

In the Supreme court before the Honorable Mr. Justice Crease.

Allan Granger, plaintiff, v. Robt. Fotheringham, Jno. E. Askwith, Archibald McMurdo, R. Irving, W. H. Ellis and Geo. McCabe.

Mr. E. Davis for plaintiff; C. E. Pooley, Q. C., for defendant.

JUDGMENT.

Crease, J.: This case which was tried before me without a jury at Vancouver on the 26th and 27th of July last, just before the vacation, is one of considerable importance to the mining community. It discloses the attempt to wrest the possession of a claim from a set of men who have done a great deal of mining work, and expended large sums of money on it in labor and machinery, by one who has done no work and expended nothing upon it.

Under these circumstances it is not surprising that the learned counsel for the plaintiff in his opening address should have deprecated all reference to the position and motives of the plaintiff, as an alleged principal in a jumping case, and seek to confine the whole treatment of the matter in dispute to abstract propositions in law, and the bald construction to be placed upon sections and parts of sections of the gold mining acts on which he relies, on the assumption that the case of the plaintiff is that of an innocent prospector seeking by fair and lawful means the enforcement of a legal right against a wrong doer.

As the facts are numerous and somewhat involved a statement of the leading circumstances of the case and the practical effect of the pleadings becomes indispensable.

The action is to determine the title to a mine, and for its possession and for damages. The plaintiff claims to have a right as an independent miner to the ownership of a claim called the "Safety."

It runs over one which has been worked for several years by the defendants, or some of them, called the "Bobbie Burns"; and on which, it is not denied, the defendants have expended in labor, machinery and roads upwards of \$20,000.

On the "Safety" the plaintiff has expended practically nothing.

The "Bobbie Burns" was recorded on the 12th May, 1891, by Archibald McMurdo, in (what is called from his discovery) the McMurdo basin, about 50 miles from Golden, on a branch of the Semilkameen river.

The "Bobbie Burns" was recorded under the gold mining act of 1891.

Other two claims—the "Robert E. Burns" and the "Safety"—were recorded under the act of 1893.

The last two claims are virtually the same claim; they run much on the same lines, and both cover the "Bobbie Burns."

The documents and transactions affecting the "Bobbie Burns"—which I take first, as the first in order of record, are as follows:

On the 3rd August, 1891, Archibald McMurdo being then the discoverer and sole owner of the "Bobbie Burns"; conveyed to John English Askwith, three-fourths of his interest in that mine: retaining one-fourth in himself.

On the 3rd November, 1891, Askwith conveyed to Fotheringham seven-eighths of his three-fourths.

Later on Askwith conveyed the remaining one-eighth of his said three-fourths, leaving McMurdo his one-fourth.

In September, 1892, McMurdo made a written agreement (called a bond) with Fotheringham to convey to him that remaining one-fourth interest.

On 4th July, 1893, Fotheringham gives Askwith, his brother-in-law, a power of attorney to deal with the "Bobbie Burns."

On the 22nd July, 1893, Fotheringham conveys the "Bobbie Burns" to the defendants Ellis and Irving, (with certain provisions as to the defendant, McCabe).

On the 31st July, 1893, McMurdo gives (in pursuance of the bond) a quit claim of all his interest in the "Bobbie Burns" to Fotheringham.

The instruments recorded affecting the "Robert E. Burns" are as follows:

On 23rd July, 1893, record of "Robert E. Burns" filed at Golden by George McCabe, one of the defendants.

On 31st July, 1893, a bill of sale given by George McCabe to Fotheringham, in consideration of \$500 of all his interest in the "Robert E. Burns."

As to the "Safety" claim the instruments recorded were:

On 30th September, 1893, record of the "Safety" claim by Allan Granger.

On 30th September, 1893, a protest filed against the "Bobbie Burns" by the plaintiff, Allan Granger, under the Mineral Act, 1892, c. 32, B. C. Statute.

All these documents were produced and proved at the trial.

The pleadings, briefly sketched, commence with the statement of claim.

That merely sets out the "Safety claim."

The defence is a general defence, and sets out the possession. The amended and equitable defence is, that McCabe had sited out and recorded the "Robert E. Burns" and had agreed to convey it to the defendants.

Defendants therefore rely on the "Robert E. Burns."

Plaintiff in reply objects: That the "Robert E. Burns" was defectively stated in certain particulars, viz: that

1. It covers a greater area than the act allows.

2. That the distance between two stakes of the "Robert E. Burns" is over 1,500 feet.

3. That the location line is not distinctly marked (sub-section 6 of section 5 of reply); clause 3 of section 15 of the act requiring that such line "between posts 1 and 2 can be distinctly seen."

4. That No. 2 post of "Robert E. Burns" is undated.

5. That "Robert E. Burns" is merely a restaking of the "Bobbie Burns."

The issue was:

(1) Was the "Robert E. Burns" sufficiently stated to comply with the mineral act?

(2) Whether the location by McCabe was merely a restaking of the "Bobbie Burns"?

(3) Whether McCabe was not in equity so interested in the "Bobbie Burns" as to make him in equity a part owner, and therefore, under the latter part of section 29 of cap. 25 of 1891, unable to restake without getting the written permission of the Gold Commissioner.

The facts which were proved during the trial were:

That by various conveyances from McMurdo, the discoverer, the "Bobbie Burns" came into the possession of Robert Fother-

ingham as owner. During the years 1891 and 1892 there were duly obtained and recorded the proper certificates of assessment work done on the "Bobbie Burns," as required by Section 24, cap. 25 (work done each year) on the claim itself to the value of at least \$100.

It was also proved that Fotheringham expended in labor bona fide done, on the "Bobbie Burns," \$1,500 of assessment work in the year 1893.

He expended in erecting mill machinery adjoining, and for the purposes of that mine and making a road from the mill, \$12,500, with about \$2,500 worth of work done on the mine, making altogether \$15,000.

Askwith, who had a full power of attorney from Fotheringham (his brother-in-law), to transact all business for him in and relating to the "Bobbie Burns" claim on leaving for the East, made specific arrangements with Harry Cummins, a duly qualified local surveyor, to survey the claim, make and record the proper affidavits and documents required by the mineral act to entitle him to a Crown grant—obtain the necessary certificates from the mining recorder, and insert the necessary notices: 1. In the Nelson papers, 2. also in the British Columbia Gazette, and 3. To file the same with the mining recorder, and with the necessary certificate of improvement, get the Crown grant.

Mr. Askwith returned in 1893 expecting to find a Crown grant, and all his orders complied with.

Instead of that, he found that his instructions had not been complied with—except that the notice had been inserted in the Nelson papers.

This, though far short of his instructions, is so far confirmatory of the fact that the work was done, and the instructions on the part of the owner given, as defendants alleged.

The notice was not inserted in the British Columbia Gazette, nor was the certificate of the year's work (from 12th May, 1892, to 12th May, 1893), obtained and recorded.

Finding this, one George McCabe engaged to stake a new claim in a new name, including within its limits the "Bobbie Burns."

This was done, and the new claim, now called the "Robert E. Burns," was staked out, located and recorded by McCabe in his own name. This was effected with the assistance of David Dickey and Manuel Dainard, who appeared as witnesses, and one Rury who was not called. The former two proved the correct staking.

And, as a jury, I am of opinion, from a consideration of all the evidence, that the claim "Robert E. Burns" was properly staked and recorded, and is a valid and subsisting claim, the 1894 work done thereon having been duly done, proved in detail, and recorded by McCabe, as by the certificate of the 20th July, 1894, more particularly appears; and all this I find accordingly.

It has been objected, that by section 29, McCabe should have obtained the written permission of the Gold Commissioner to make this new location, but I am of opinion that, having made this in his own name, and having afterwards made his own voluntary independent bargain with Fotheringham on transferring it to him on the 31st July, 1893, (as by exhibit "B" and the evidence on the point appears,) which he could not have been compelled to do—that objection falls to the ground.

It has also been objected, that his claim, "Robert E. Burns," was wrongly staked, and was invalid, because, by section 14 of the Mineral act, while he staked the right breadth of 1500 feet, he exceeded the maximum length of 1500 feet; and that therefore his staking is invalid.

But the words of the act are as follows:

"Any free miner desiring to locate a mineral claim shall, subject to the provisions with respect to land which may be used for mining, enter upon the same and locate a plot of ground measuring, where possible, but not exceeding 1,500 feet in length by 1,500 feet in breadth, in as nearly as possible a rectangular form, that is to say, etc."

Now, a glance at a correct sketch of the locality would show that all the three claims are staked so much on the same lines on the north and west sides and these contain exactly the same right angle, each of the two sides forming which is exactly 1,500 feet long, that the construction of the 1,500 feet square specified in the act follows as a matter of course.

So that all the excess in length, over 1,500 feet, of the Robert E. Burns can be cut off with exact precision by a line parallel to the south and north boundary lines of the Robert E. Burns without interfering with the direction of the location line of that claim (of which the evidence satisfies me as a jury); and the provincial land surveyor is, by Section 14—four lines above sub-section (a)—empowered to move No. 2 post, and inferentially any other post, "for the correction of the distance," which is exactly what is wanted here. And I have already said generally, and the evidence satisfies me particularly, that the claim is properly staked, with properly recording lawful posts, in compliance with the act.

Indeed, it is but reasonable and common sense that when a claim is staked by other than actual surveyors, as by ordinary miners unskilled in actual measurements on the ground, such changes, not affecting the previous rights of adjacent owners, must very frequently take place under the eye and orders of the regular authority under the act.

By the portion of the ground complained of as overstaked in this instance, no other person's right was interfered with. That portion was entirely below the "Safety" claim; indeed, the "Safety" claim was not in existence till two months after the "Robert E. Burns" was staked.

There is nothing substantial, therefore, in that objection.

Moreover, I cannot find anything in the act by which such excess of itself works a forfeiture.

If it did, no claim could be retained by a prospector unless it were laid out and staked with mathematical precision, in the first instance, by some duly qualified surveyor; and that, in practice, seldom if ever occurs; and is not called for by the necessities of the case nor in accord with the spirit and intention of the act.

I consider, therefore, that while liable hereafter to this rectification, or, as the act calls it, "correction of distance," the "Robert E. Burns" is substantially properly staked in compliance with and within the protection of the act, and is a good valid and subsisting claim.

And now, while upon this subject, I see no valid or good reason why the owner of a claim who, by the process laid down by section 27 of the Act of 1891, can abandon a whole claim; since "omne majus continet in se minus" may not, by the same process, abandon any specific portion of a claim—provided he specify and record such abandonment.

Holding therefore, as I do, that the "Robert E. Burns" is a valid and subsisting claim, it follows as a matter of course that the "Safety" claim is not a legal claim; for, irrespective of the defect in one post, which as a jury I consider proved—and which injuriously affects the record—it is made on ground which is neither waste land of the Crown, nor abandoned nor forfeited land, but in the legal occupation of other persons; and to wit the defendants in

this case, by purchase from the recorder of it—McCabe.

And here I must digress for a moment to interpose a remark, that the \$500 in the sale to Fotheringham does not represent all the consideration he received. While that was the substantial part of it (for the value of the claim is still in nubibus), he also was to receive a certain value in the stock of a prospective company. But this he was quite entitled to do, and it did not therefore make him either a co-owner or agent of the other defendants. It did not even require him to hold a miner's certificate in order to keep his shares.

There is another reason for the above conclusion, which, despite the deprecation of the learned counsel for the plaintiff, I think militates against the plaintiff's right to stake out a claim over another, the effect of which would be to oust the title of the defendants—that is the mode in which the information which led to the attempt was acquired.

He who comes for equity, must do equity. The plaintiff himself bore witness in the box, and the evidence was drawn from him, that while doing business as a miner and a mine dealer, he obtained employment from the Mining Recorder in copying out the government mining records at Golden and at Donald; that it was May 1893, while copying out such records at Golden, that he discovered the slip made on the 12th May, 1893, through the lapses of Harry Cummins, the surveyor employed on Fotheringham's behalf, to complete the survey, notices, affidavits and certificates required by the act, as preliminary to obtaining the Crown grant of the "Bobbie Burns."

He claims that he was allowed by the Mining Recorder, at the same time that he was so employed—living, too, for some time in his house, having constant access, in the course of his duty to the government to the records—to practice his calling as a mining agent; in other words allowed to look out blots in mining titles—a permission which the Mining Recorder, who appeared as a volunteer witness at the trial, had no right whatever to grant, and plaintiff as an honorable man while in such employ had no right to accept.

The Recorder, if he had such a right, could have exercised it himself. Now, no person in government employ is allowed to expose or himself take advantage of discoveries which he makes to the prejudice of others in the course of such employ. It is no answer to say that the public have free access to and can freely search all mining records—that is perfectly true and proper, *sub modo*—but a public officer, entrusted with the charge of public mining records, can only (except in exceptional cases, such as a record coming in at night in a race to record some new discovery, where five minutes may make all the difference) allow anyone to come in and search such records, or make his own, except within reasonable hours in the day, and then only, for very obvious reasons, in the presence of the Recorder or someone duly authorized in his stead to protect the records, which are frequently the only title which the working miner has to sometimes a vast amount of property.

Any trifling with, or irregularity or favoritism in the keeping, or giving access to the records at unusual times, if known, will breed such a distrust among the mining population as will seriously affect their confidence in that department; a result which is earnestly to be deprecated, as it would be followed by all manner of evil consequences to the mining interests of that part of the country.

While honest working and expenditure of capital, which was undoubtedly the case here, in the opening and exploration of the mining ground, and in the employment of labor, should be within lawful limits encouraged;

While more colorable working, or neglect of working, should, under the stringent provisions of the act in that behalf, be followed by forfeiture of the privileges which the holders have been proved by experience unworthy to retain, it is of the utmost public importance in a mining country requiring the safe investment of capital for its development and the steady employment of labor, that the practice of jumping claims by persons—who, not working themselves, make a business of hunting for accidental or unintentional slips in records happening to men more engaged in hard work underground, than accustomed to clerical hand-working (prospectors, who undergo infinite labor and hardships in bringing hidden wealth to light)—should be discouraged; as they always have been by this court. They are the parasites who always hang about rich mining camps.

Long experience in mining camps, including British Columbia itself, from Cariboo downward, shows that there is no more fertile source of insecurity of investments (and money is a sensitive plant) ill-blood, ill-feeling, not unfrequently culminating in violence and bloodshed—than the practice of what is known to miners by the terms of jumping claims.

For the reasons already given, and after a most careful consideration as a jury, as well as judge, of all the sections of the Gold Mining acts, evidence, and arguments adduced on both sides, I find myself constrained to, and accordingly do give judgment for the defendants, with the usual accompaniment of costs.

"HENRY P. PELLEW CREASE," J.

Common Sense

Should be used in attempting to cure that very disagreeable disease, catarrh. As catarrh originates in impurities in the blood, local applications can do no permanent good. The common sense method of treatment is to purify the blood, and for this purpose there is no preparation superior to Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Hood's Pills cure constipation by restoring peristaltic action to the alimentary canal.

Dear Sirs.—I have used Yellow Oil for two or three years, and think it has no equal for cure. Mrs. J. S. O'Brien, Huntsville, Ont.

FOR THE TEETH & BREATH.

TEABERRY

FOR THE TEETH & BREATH.

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Travel VIA Canadian Pacific Railway.

G. McL. BROWN,
Dist. Pass. Agent,
VANCOUVER, B.C.

GEO. L. COURTNEY,
AGENT,
VICTORIA, B.C.

ALWAYS ASK FOR

The D.C.L.

VERY OLD SPECIAL

SCOTCH & IRISH WHISKIES AND LONDON GIN

PROPRIETORS:-

THE DISTILLERS CO. LTD.

EDINBURGH, LONDON & DUBLIN.

AGENT---JAMES CRAWFORD, VICTORIA, B.C.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

STEAMER

JOAN

I. E. BUTLER,
Master.

On and after March 22nd, 1893.

The Steamer JOAN will sail as follows, calling at Way Point as Freight and Passengers may offer:

Leave Victoria, Tuesday, 7 a. m.

Nanaimo for Comox, Wednesday, 7 a. m.

Comox for Nanaimo, Friday, 7 a. m.

Nanaimo for Victoria, Saturday, 7 a. m.

Will make one trip a month to Valdez Island.

For freight or storehouse apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria station, Store street.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

PRIVATE BILLS.

Notice is hereby given that the time limited by the Rules of the House for receiving petitions for Private Bills will expire on Monday, the 26th day of November, 1891.

Private Bills must be presented on or before Monday, the third day of December, 1891.

Dated this 8th October, 1891.

THORNTON FELL,
Clerk of the House.

TABLE

Showing the Dates and Places of Courts of Assize, Nisi Prius, and Oyer and Terminer, and General Gaol Delivery for the Year 1894.

FAIL ASSIZES.

*Nelson Monday...10th September

*Donald Monday...17th September

*Clinton Thursday...20th September

*Richfield Monday...21st September

*Kamloops Monday...1st October

*Vernon Monday...8th October

*Lytton Friday...12th October

*New Westminster, Tuesday...6th November

*Vancouver Tuesday...12th November

*Victoria Tuesday...20th November

*Nanaimo Tuesday...27th November

*Special Assizes adjourned from the Spring by Mr. Justice Walkom and now fixed for these dates.

NOTICE.

Persons owning property on streets along which sewers are now being laid are requested to furnish information at the office of the City Engineer as to the manner in which they wish their premises connected with the public sewers.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

September 10, 1894.

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Ry.



GLANCE AT THIS MAP

Of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway and its connections with all transcontinental lines at St. Paul and Omaha, and remember when going east that its trains are lighted with electricity and heated by steam. Its equipment is superb. Elegant Buffet, Library, Smoking, and Sleeping cars, with free reclining chairs. Each sleeping car berth has an electric reading lamp, and its dining cars are the best in the world. Some other lines are longer than this, but none are shorter, and so offer the above luxurious accommodations. These are sufficient reasons for the popularity of "The Milwaukee." Coupon ticket agents in every railroad office will give you further information, or address

C. EDDY, General Agent,

J. W. CASEY, Trav. Pass. Agent,
Olympic Block, Seattle

Spokane Falls & Northern Ry

NELSON & FORT SHEPPARD RY.

ALL-RAIL TO NELSON, B.O.

THE ONLY THROUGH LINE TO NELSON, KASLO, KOOTENAI LAKE AND SLOCAN POINTS.

THROUGH TRAINS SEMI-WEEKLY.

Daily, except Sunday, between Spokane and Marcus.

7:00 a.m. Lv. SPOKANE. Ar. 5:30 p.m.

On Wednesdays and Saturdays trains will run through to Nelson, arriving at 5:40 p.m., making close connection with the steamer Nelson for Kaslo and other lake points, arriving at Kaslo at 8:00 p.m. same days. Returning passengers will leave lake points and Nelson on Tuesdays and Fridays, arriving at Spokane same days.

Commencing Aug. 25th, passengers for Trail Creek, Nakusp, New Denver, Revelstoke and all points on the Canadian Pacific Railway, will leave Spokane on Saturdays at 7 a. m., connecting at Northport with steamer (same day) at 1 p. m.

Passengers by steamer from above points arrive in Spokane same evening.

Passengers for Kettle River and Boundary Creek connect at Marcus with stage on Mondays, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Fridays.

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Board of Licensing Commissioners in and for the City of Victoria, at its next sitting, for a transfer of my retail liquor license to sell wines, spirits and other liquors at the premises known as the Albion Saloon, situated on the northwest corner of Yates street and Waddington Alley, in the City of Victoria, to Henry Huber and Charles Dixon, both of the City of Victoria.

Dated the 7th day of November, 1891.

HENRY HARRIS.

RAILWAYS.

Esquimalt & Nanaimo Ry.

TIME TABLE No. 21,

To take effect at 8.00 a.m. on Thursday, Nov. 1, 1894. Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

STATIONS.	No. 1 Pass. Daily	No. 2 Pass. Daily	No. 3 Pass. Daily	No. 4
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